

Safety Data Sheet

Seco Brett

Safety Data Sheet dated 2/5/2021 version 9

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Seco Brett

Registration Number N/A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: DETERGENT; FOR PROFESSIONAL USE

Uses advised against: N.A.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

ESSECO S.r.l. Via San Cassiano 99

28069 - Trecate (NO)

Italy

Enartis - Phone n. +39-0321-790300

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: vino@enartis.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Enartis - Phone n. +39-0321-790300

Malta: 112

Ireland: Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 May cause respiratory irritation.

Aquatic Chronic 2 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Pictograms and Signal Words



Warning

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P312	Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Contains

POTASSIUM CARBONATE
 troclosene sodium, dihydrate

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:
 None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT/vPvB Ingredients are present
 Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: Seco Brett

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥ 60 - < 70 %	POTASSIUM CARBONATE	CAS:584-08-7 EC:209-529-3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	01-2119532646-36-XXXX
≥ 15 - < 20 %	TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	CAS:7320-34-5 EC:230-785-7	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119689369-18-XXXX
≥ 5 - < 7 %	troclosene sodium, dihydrate	CAS:51580-86-0 EC:220-767-7 Index:613-030-01-7	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Tox. 4, H302, EUH031	01-2119489371-33-XXXX

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.
- Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.
- Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).
- In case of persistent skin irritation consult a doctor.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation
 Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).; Water.; Foaming

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear suitable protective clothing (helmet, protective clothings, goggles, fire resistant gloves, boots) and protect respiratory organs (self contained breathing apparatus).

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Dispose of the collected material in accordance with the current regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

DZES_PE71

Incompatible materials:

Keep away from acids.

Store the product in its original containers; do not mix with other products. Store away from incompatible materials. See also paragraph 10.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m ³	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m ³	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Notes
POTASSIUM CARBONATE	ACGIH	NNN		2					(Inhalable particle)
TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	National	NNN		10.000					Inhalable, Source TRGS900
	National	NNN		3.000					Respirable, Source TRGS900

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	7320-34-5	0.05 mg/l	Fresh Water		
		0.005 mg/l	Marine water		
		50 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
troclosene sodium, dihydrate	51580-86-0	1.52 mg/l	Marine water		
		7.56 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	7320-34-5		2.79 mg/m ³	0.68 mg/l	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects	
troclosene sodium, dihydrate	51580-86-0		8.11 mg/m ³	1.99 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects	
			2.3 mg/kg	1.15 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects	bodyweight/day
			2.3 mg/kg	1.15 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects	bodyweight/day

8.2. Exposure controls

Individual protection measures:

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions and working conditions.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Please see both sections 5 and 6 for information about personal protective equipment to be worn in an emergency (e.g.: fire or unintentional release of the substance).

Eye protection:

Chemical risk goggles (with side protection).; Technical reference standard: UNI EN 166

Protection for skin:

Wear chemical resistant clothing.; Technical reference standard: UNI EN 13034; Wear chemical resistant safety shoes.; Technical reference standard: UNI EN 20345

Protection for hands:

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions.

Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection.; NBR (nitrile rubber) (Recommended thickness of the material: 0.4 mm; Permeation time: > 480 min); UNI EN 420/UNI EN 374

Respiratory protection:

Depending on the potential for exposure, select respiratory protective equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and in compliance with current legislation.

Half-face mask with combined filter; Mask with filter "P", white colour; Technical reference standard: UNI EN 149

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid

Appearance and colour: Solid

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: ± 10.9 (10g/L)

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: N.A.

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: N.A.

Solubility in water: ± 200 g/L

Solubility in oil: 0%

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Viscosity: N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A.

Oxidizing properties: N.A.

Solid/gas flammability: $> 100^\circ\text{C}$

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = N.A.

9.2. Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties N.A.

Miscibility: N.A.

Conductivity: N.A.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is an oxidant and it reacts violently with reducing materials. The aqueous solution is a strong base, it reacts violently with acid and it is corrosive.

In contact with acids releases chlorine, toxic gas.

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

The content in free chlorine in concentrated solutions decreases because the product tends to dissociate.

Unstable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth, alloys in powder or vapours), nitrides, inorganic sulphides, and powerful reducing agents.

It may generate toxic gases on contact with inorganic fluorides, halogenated organic substances, sulphides, nitrides, nitriles,

organophosphates, and powerful oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, amines, methanol, ethylenimin, and the following ammonium salts: carbonate, nitrate, oxalate, phosphate, acetate.

Alkali metals, organic materials. It reacts vigorously with halogens, nitrates, magnesium and azides. The contact with aluminum, tin and zinc causes the release of gaseous hydrogen. Keep away from combustible and reducing substances, acids, food and feedstuffs.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Chlorine. Nitrogen and carbon oxides. Hydrogen and hydrochloric acid

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

POTASSIUM CARBONATE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1870 mg/kg	
		LD50 Oral Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg	
TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Skin Rabbit Negative	
		Eye Irritant Rabbit Positive	
troclosene sodium, dihydrate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1420 mg/kg	Aqueous solution 20%
		LD50 Oral Rat = 1670 mg/kg	Aqueous solution 10%
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg	U.S. EPA 2004
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg	Aqueous solution 40%
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 0.27 mg/l 4h	U.S. EPA 2004

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
POTASSIUM CARBONATE	CAS: 584-08-7 - EINECS: 209-529-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 230 mg/L 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 68 mg/L 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 940 mg/L 246h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia = 630 mg/L 24h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia = 630 mg/L 48h
TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	CAS: 7320-34-5 - EINECS: 230-785-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 100 mg/L 96h - OECD 203 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 100 mg/L 48h - OECD 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 100 mg/L 72h - OECD 201
troclosene sodium, dihydrate	CAS: 51580-86-0 - EINECS: 220-767-7 - INDEX: 613-030-01-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 0.25 mg/L 96h - „HSDB, 2015 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 0.11 mg/L 48h - „HSDB, 2015

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT/vPvB Ingredients are present

12.6. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

3262

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: SOLIDO INORGANICO CORROSIVO, BASICO, N.A.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 8

IATA-Class: 8

IMDG-Class: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): (E)

Air (IATA) :

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 860

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 864

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 8L

IATA-Special Provisioning: -

Sea (IMDG) :

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Label: 8

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None.

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

N.A.

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

SVHC Substances:

No data available

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 Contains: 15-30% Phosphates;

5-15% Chlorine bleaching agents

<5% Non-ionic surfactants.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
3.2/2	Calculation method
3.3/2	Calculation method
3.8/3	Calculation method
4.1/C2	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: KAFH
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- Safety Data Sheet
- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 4. FIRST AID MEASURES
- 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
- 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION

