

Safety Data Sheet

Secoclean Special

Safety Data Sheet dated 30/11/2022 version 8

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Secoclean Special

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: DETERGENT

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE

Uses advised against: N.A.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

ESSECO S.r.l. Via San Cassiano 99

28069 - Trebate (NO)

Italy

Enartis - Phone n. +39-0321-790300

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: vino@enartis.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Enartis - Phone n. +39-0321-790300

Malta: 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Corr. 1A Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage.

Met. Corr. 1 May be corrosive to metals.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Pictograms and Signal Words



Danger

Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

1

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

3

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

8

P310 Immediately call a doctor.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Contains

Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: Secoclean Special

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥ 50 - < 60 %	Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	CAS:1310-73-2 EC:215-185-5 Index:011-002-00-6	Met. Corr. 1, H290; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Corr. 1A, H314	01-2119457892-27-XXXX
≥ 20 - < 25 %	Sodium Carbonate	CAS:497-19-8 EC:207-838-8 Index:011-005-00-2	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119485498-19-XXXX

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash immediately with water.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and hazard labelling.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear suitable protective clothing (helmet, protective clothings, goggles, fire resistant gloves, boots) and protect respiratory organs (self contained breathing apparatus).

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Wear personal protection equipment.
Remove persons to safety.
See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

If the product has escaped into a water course, into the drainage system, or has contaminated the ground or vegetation, notify the competent authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
Dispose of the collected material in accordance with the current regulations.
Wash with plenty of water.
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
Do not eat or drink while working.
See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

	OEL Type	Country	Ceilin g	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Notes
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda CAS: 1310-73-2	ACGIH		C			2.000		URT, eye, and skin irr
	National					10.000		IDLH
	National		C			2.000		
Sodium Carbonate CAS: 497-19-8	National	ROM ANI A		1.000		3.000		15 minutes average value
	EU			10				

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda CAS: 1310-73-2		1 ppm		Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects	
			1 ppm	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects	

Sodium Carbonate CAS: 497-19-8	10 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
	10 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects

8.2. Exposure controls

Individual protection measures:

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions and working conditions.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Please see both sections 5 and 6 for information about personal protective equipment to be worn in an emergency (e.g.: fire or unintentional release of the substance).

Eye protection:

Chemical risk goggles (with side protection).

Technical reference standard: UNI EN 166

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing.

Technical reference standard: UNI EN 13034

Wear chemical resistant safety shoes.

Technical reference standard: UNI EN 20345

Protection for hands:

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions.

Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Suitable material:

NBR (nitrile rubber) (Recommended thickness of the material: 0.4 mm; Permeation time: > 480 min)

Respiratory protection:

Depending on the potential for exposure, select respiratory protective equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and in compliance with current legislation.

Half-face mask with combined filter

Technical reference standard for filters to be used in the presence of gases and vapours: UNI EN 14387

Filter mask FFP2/FFP3 for solid particles

Technical reference standard: UNI EN 149

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Solid

Color: N.A.

Odour: Characteristic

pH: 12.90 (1%)

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: N.A.

Solubility in water: ± 200 g/L

Solubility in oil: 0%

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = N.A.

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A. (Data not available.)

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: N.A.

Conductivity: N.A.

Evaporation rate: N.A.

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Il prodotto è un ossidante e reagisce violentemente con materiali riducenti. La soluzione acquosa è una base forte, reagisce violentemente con acidi ed è corrosiva.

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth) and powerful reducing agents.

It may generate toxic gases on contact with inorganic fluorides, halogenated organic substances, sulphides, nitrides, nitriles, organophosphates, and powerful oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No ventilation, heating, contact with metals, acids, combustible and reducing materials.

Open containers.

Acids

10.5. Incompatible materials

Light metals, alkaline metals, organic and copper materials. Reacts vigorously with: halogen, nitrodeated, azides. Aluminum, tin and zinc contact results in the release of gaseous hydrogen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Ossidi di Azoto NOx, Ossidi di carbonio.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Corr. 1A(H314)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rabbit = 325 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 1350 mg/kg
		Respiratory Tract Irritant Positive
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Skin Rabbit Positive
		Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation Respiratory Sensitization Inhalation Negative
Skin Sensitization Skin Negative

Sodium Carbonate a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 2800 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Guinea pig 0.8 mg/l 2h
LC50 Inhalation Mouse = 1.2 mg/l 2h
LC50 Inhalation Rat = 2.3 mg/l 2h
LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg
b) skin corrosion/irritation Eye Irritant Rabbit Positive

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	CAS: 1310-73-2 - EINECS: 215-185-5 - INDEX: 011-002-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 189 mg/l 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Bacteria = 22 mg/l - „15 min (Photobacterium phosphoreum) (EU, 2007 OECD, 2002) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 40.4 mg/l 48h
Sodium Carbonate	CAS: 497-19-8 - EINECS: 207-838-8 - INDEX: 011-005-00-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 300 mg/l 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Crustaceans = 200 mg/l 48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	Not bioaccumulative

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component	Mobility in soil
Sodium Hydroxide; Caustic Soda	Mobile

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

1823

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: IDROSSIDO DI SODIO SOLIDO

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 8

IATA-Class: 8

IMDG-Class: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: II

IATA-Packing group: II

IMDG-Packing group: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): (E)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 859

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 863

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 8L

IATA-Special Provisions: -

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

N.A.

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

German Water Hazard Class.

1: Low hazard to waters

SVHC Substances:

No data available

Reg. (CE) N. 648/2004 e s.m.i.

Contains:

5-15% Phosphates

<5% Non-ionic surfactants

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

Sodium Carbonate

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.16/1	Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, Category 1
3.2/1A	Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, Category 1A
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
3.2/1A	Calculation method
3.3/1	Calculation method
2.16/1	On basis of test data

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: KAFH
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

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