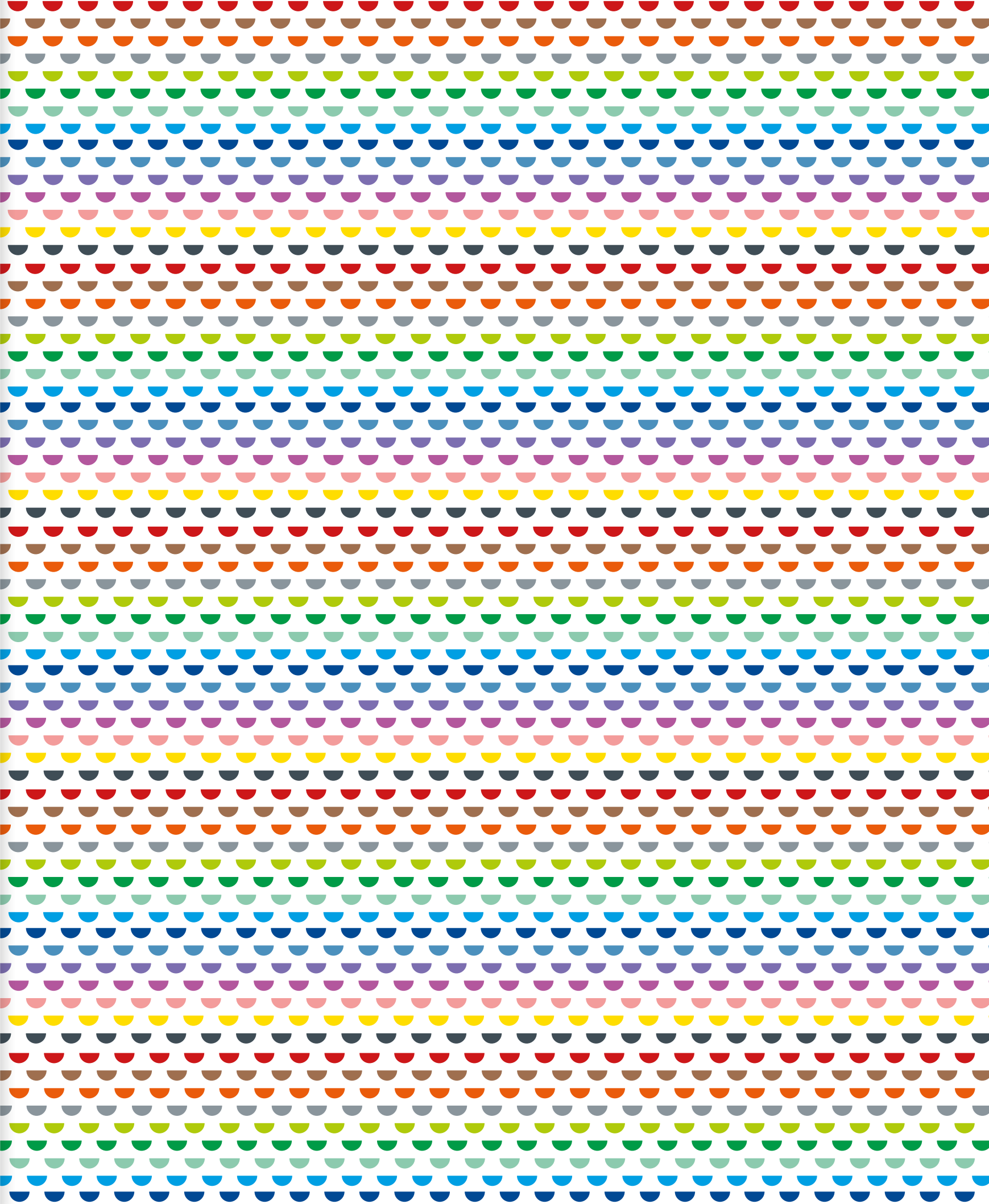


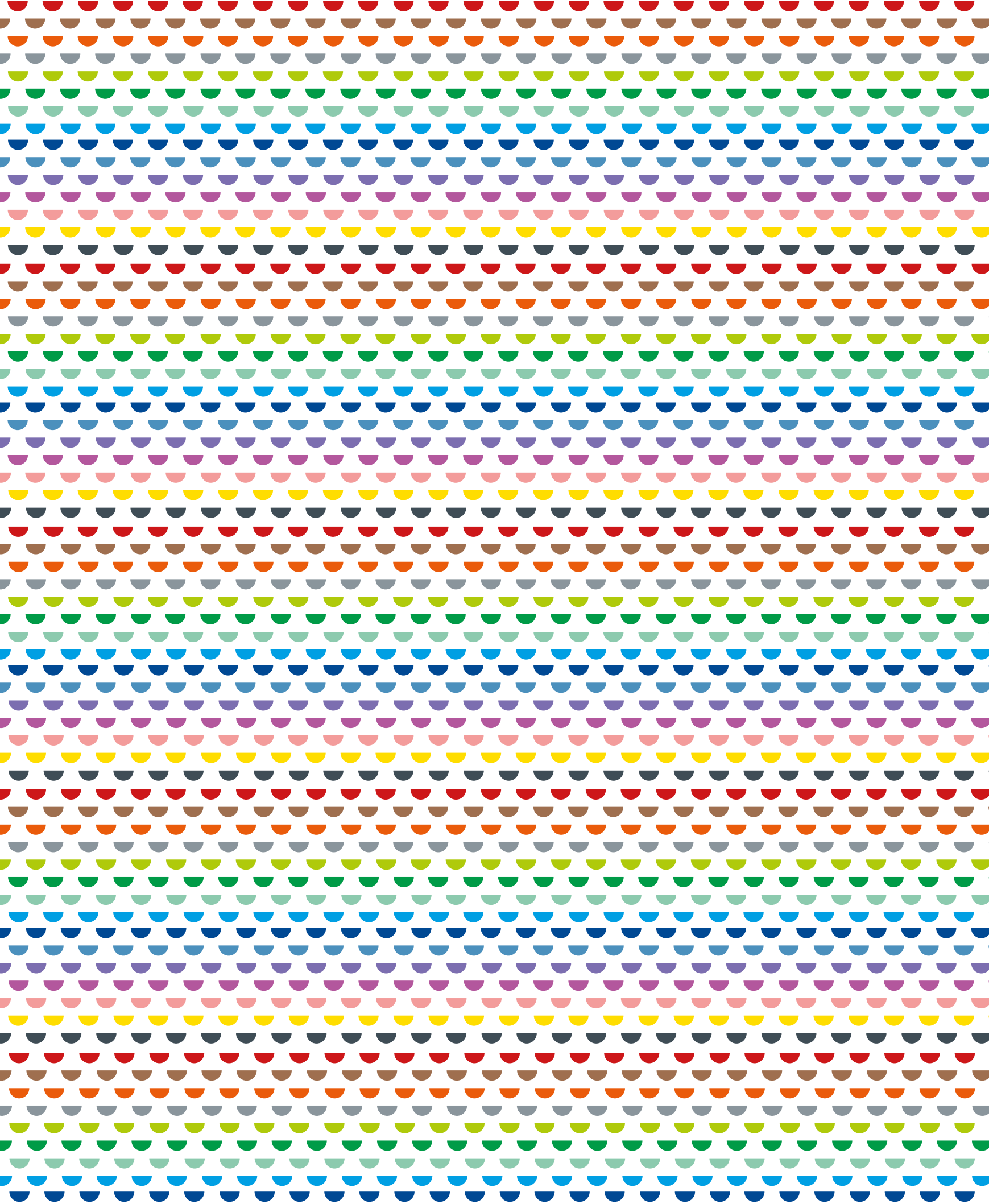


PRODUCT CATALOG

enartis

Inspiring innovation.





WHAT'S

08


ENZYMES

09 - EnartisZym EZFILTER

15


YEAST

19 - EnartisFerm ES U42

22


TANNINS

24 - HIDEKI

43


FINING AGENTS

45 - PLANTIS PQ

48 - CLARIL ZR



48 - CLARIL ZW

49


STABILIZING AGENTS

50 - MAXIGUM PLUS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

08 	----- ENZYMES
12 	----- YEAST NUTRIENTS
15 	----- YEAST
22 	----- TANNINS
29 	----- POLYSACCHARIDES
33 	----- MALOLACTIC FERMENTATION
36 	----- OAK ALTERNATIVES
41 	----- MICRO-OXYGENATION
43 	----- FINING AGENTS
49 	----- STABILIZING AGENTS
55 	----- SULFITING AGENTS
57 	----- SPARKLING WINES
59 	----- GREAT LITTLE HELPERS

CREATING A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

The integration of sustainability in our commercial and production activities allows us to promote operational efficiency, provide the best solutions for customers and support communities.



ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

UNI EN ISO 14001: 2015 Certification

Is a voluntary international standard for designing and implementing an environmental management system. Taking care of the planet and preventing our societies from causing negative impacts on nature and the landscape are two of the most important challenges for today's businesses. This integrated system is made up of policies, processes, plans and practices that define the rules that guide the company's interaction with the environment.

Charter of Principles for Environmental Sustainability

The Charter of Principles promoted by Confindustria joins, on a voluntary basis, the companies and organizations of associated companies which, with this initiative, intend to highlight the positive and virtuous part of the Italian industrial world in terms of environmental sustainability and stimulating less dynamic companies to start a virtuous path.

The Areas of our Commitment

RESPONSIBLE ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION



- By recovering thermal energy originating from the chemical production processes, an amount of electricity exceeding the needs of our production center is generated without CO₂ emissions.
- Installation of inverters on our machinery in order to optimize energy consumption based on actual needs.

PROTECTION OF WATER RESOURCES



- Reduction of the consumption of process water from deep aquifers, more valuable water, in favor of the use of water taken from surface stratum, of less value.
- Treatment of wastewater which is controlled directly by our laboratory, purified and released into surface water.

EMISSION REDUCTION



- SO₂ emissions in relation to the production needs of our plants have drastically decreased in recent years and have come to be far below the limits prescribed by the AIA.

WASTE REDUCTION AND RECYCLING POLICY



- Gradual reduction of current poly laminate plastics used for packaging with fully recyclable mono-materials.
- Over the years, a policy has been implemented to reduce hazardous and non-hazardous waste, leading to a 30% recovery and significant savings on disposal costs.
- Plastic cups and coffee scoops have been replaced by biodegradable versions and plastic bottles have been completely replaced by dispensers.
- The gradual replacement of old office furniture with eco-sustainable furniture and furnishings has recently started.
- The Forest Stewardship Council (FSC), an organization that promotes environmentally friendly forest management worldwide, is a guarantee of a sustainable and transparent supply chain. Their logo shown on Enartis packaging is an added value to our business and our products.

SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTS



- Enartis invests € 2M annually in research, development and innovation in order to develop processes, products and services with an ever lower environmental impact. Zenith represents the last great achievement in terms of sustainability, guaranteeing a 90% reduction in CO₂ emissions and 80% of energy and drinking water during the wine stabilization process.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

Responsible Care is a voluntary program for the promotion of sustainable development of the global chemical industry in order to protect the environment, health and safety in the workplace. The signatory companies agree to enhance their activities in order to protect the environment, guarantee safety, protect health, better manage logistics and production and share company best practices.

BS OHSAS 18001: 2007 Certification is a voluntary international standard for designing and implementing a workplace health and safety management system that allows an organization to control its risks and improve its performance in the field of health and safety.

MOG 231 and Code of Ethics constitute a further valid tool for raising awareness of all employees and collaborators in order to follow correct and transparent behavior in line with ethical and social values.

Areas of our Commitment

HEALTH AND SAFETY PROMOTION



- The company adheres to the Workplace Health Promotion program, for companies that are committed to implementing interventions of proven effectiveness in the field of health promotion such as proper nutrition and the promotion of physical activity.
- Awareness and training initiatives are promoted every year, in order to involve the organization in the implementation of its environmental policy and in compliance with safety equipment.



Our efforts to protect health, safety and the environment don't end there. We work every day to find new solutions to support the **enhancement of people and nature**, a primary asset to be protected and passed on to future generations.

enartis
A Company of Essenco Group



Inspiring innovation.

ENZYMES

Enartis developed the EnartisZym Range through the combination of knowledge about individual enzymatic activities and practical experience in the winery. EnartisZym Range comprises a series of enzymatic preparations formulated to obtain the maximum effectiveness when used in classic and newer applications.

MUST CLARIFICATION

EnartisZym RS

EnartisZym RS (Rapid Settling) was created to resolve fining problems in musts that are notoriously difficult to clarify, such as Muscat, Sauvignon Blanc and Verdejo. It has strong pectolytic and hemicellulase activities. In fact, this liquid enzyme has a very intense clarification action that takes place in a short amount of time. It can also be used to clarify musts that are particularly rich in pectins resulting from mechanical grape processing and high temperatures during harvest. In difficult-to-clarify wines, EnartisZym RS improves their clarification and filterability.

Application: settling of difficult-to-clarify musts; improve wine clarification and filterability

Dosage: 1-3 mL/hL in must, 2-5 mL/hL in wine

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisZym RS (P)

Purified and highly concentrated pectolytic enzyme in micro-granulated form. Its high content of pectolytic and hemicellulase side activities are able to hydrolyze the different kinds of pectins that are normally present in hard-to-settle juices and help juice clarification, lees compaction and increase the yield in clear juice. It ensures efficient results including in difficult conditions such as a low pH and temperature.

Application: settling of must

Dosage: 0.5-3 g/hL

Packaging: 100 g

EnartisZym RS₄F

EnartisZym RS₄F is a liquid preparation with high pectolytic activity, suggested for juice clarification when using flotation. Very quick in hydrolyzing pectins, active in a wide range of temperatures (8-40°C), it accelerates the process of juice clarification thus saving time and cooling.

Application: flotation

Dosage: 1-3 mL/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

MACERATION OF WHITE GRAPES

EnartisZym AROM MP

Micro-granulated enzymatic preparation for maceration of white and red grapes. Its secondary activities, hemicellulases and proteases, break cell walls and membranes localized in the skin. This not only causes the solubilization of aromatic precursors contained in the vacuole, but also those bound to solid cell structures. Wines treated with EnartisZym AROM MP have an aromatic profile characterized by intense fruit aromas with complexity and persistence. Moreover, the protease activity contributes to protein stabilization thus reducing bentonite additions.

Application: maceration of white and red grapes; production of fruity white, red and rosé wines; improved protein stability

Dosage: 20-40 g/ton

Packaging: 250 g

EnartisZym EZFILTER

NEW

- Liquid enzymatic preparation with primary pectolytic and betaglucanase activities and secondary hemicellulase activities.
- EnartisZym EZFILTER improves clarification and filterability of must and wine due to its ability to hydrolyze pectins and polysaccharides from grapes and polysaccharides produced by microorganisms, such as glucans. It can be used also to accelerate the release of mannoproteins both in fermentation and during maturation on lees.

Application: improvement of filterability and clarification of musts and wines, also obtained from botrytized grapes; accelerate mannoprotein extraction

Dosage: 2-4 mL/hL

Packaging: 1 kg



We've filtered hundreds of thousands of gallons of cider over the years and there is no question that ciders treated with both a pectinase and a glucanase filter more easily than those that are not. If the dosing and timing is right, we've literally seen a 40-50-60% increase in filtration speeds. EnartisZym EZFILTER alone worked just as well as what we've seen from separate pectinase and glucanase enzyme treatments.

Allan Whetstone, Cascade Wine Services (OR), USA

MACERATION OF RED GRAPES

EnartisZym COLOR PLUS

Micro-granulated enzyme for maceration of red grapes. EnartisZym COLOR PLUS is effective in the extraction and mainly in the stabilization of color compounds. Its secondary activities, cellulase and hemicellulase, degrade cell walls, thus accelerating and increasing the solubility of anthocyanins and tannins associated with cellular structures. The protease activity degrades proteins and decreases their ability to precipitate tannins and pigments. EnartisZym COLOR PLUS results in wines with a bigger structure and with intense and stable color.

Application: extraction and stabilization of color from red grapes

Dosage: 20-40 g/ton

Packaging: 250 g - 1 kg



I use EnartisZym COLOR PLUS for better colour extraction during maceration of red wines on the skins. We add it during crushing. I found that wines treated with this product had better colour stability over time during aging. Colour intensity in red wines are also better when using EnartisZym COLOR PLUS vs a control.

Louwrits Louw, Winemaker at KWV South Africa, Paarl, South Africa

OTHER APPLICATIONS

EnartisZym ÉLEVAGE

EnartisZym ÉLEVAGE is a powdered pectolytic enzyme that has significant β -glucanase activity. It accelerates yeast cell lysis and increases the mannoprotein content of wines matured *sur lies*. Mannoproteins released following treatment with EnartisZym ÉLEVAGE give wines greater stability against tartrate precipitation, oxidation and browning. In addition, mannoproteins produce a greater mouthfeel effect by increasing volume. EnartisZym ÉLEVAGE is also effective in improving the filterability of wines made from moldy grapes.

Application: accelerate lees ageing; improve the filterability of wines made from Botrytis infected grapes

Dosage: 2-5 g/hL

Packaging: 250 g

EnartisZym RIVELA

Powdered enzyme for maximizing aroma expression. When used in the maceration of white grapes, its high concentrations of pectolytic and hemicellulase activities cause a rapid cell breakdown and reduction of juice viscosity, factors that are fundamental for high juice yields and good extraction of aroma precursors. Subsequently, the glycosidase activities transform the odorless glycosylated precursors into free aromatic compounds, thus allowing the production of more intense and complex wines. When used in wine, EnartisZym Rivela enhances the varietal aroma and improves wine clarification.

Application: expression of varietal aroma

Dosage: 10-30 g/ton in maceration; 3-4 g/hL in juice/wine

Packaging: 100 g

	Clarification/ Cold Settling	Clarification of Difficult Juices	Clarification by Floitation	Maceration of White Grapes	Rosé Wine Production	Maceration of Red Grapes	Color Stability	Flash Détente/ Thermovinification	Aromatic Enhancement	Yeast Lysis	Improve Filtration	Botrytis	Form	Dosage	Package Size
RS	●●●	●●●	●●		●●						●●		Liquid	1-3 mL/hL	1 kg
RS(P)	●●●	●●●	●●		●●						●		Microgranules	0.5-3 g/hL	0.1 kg
RS ₂ F	●●		●●●		●●						●		Liquid	1-3 mL/hL	20 kg
Arom MP	●			●●●	●●●						●		Microgranules	20-40 g/ton	0.25 kg
Color Plus					●●●	●●●	●●●	●●			●●		Microgranules	20-40 g/ton	0.25 kg 1 kg
Élevage										●●●	●●●	●●●	Microgranules	2-5 g/hL	0.25 kg
Rivela	●●			●●					●●●		●		Microgranules	3-4 g/hL	0.1 kg
EZFilter	●●	●●●								●●●	●●●	●●●	Liquid	2-4 mL/hL	1 kg

KNOW MORE ABOUT ENOLOGICAL ENZYMES

WHY USE ENOLOGICAL ENZYMES?

Enzymes are essential for improving press yield, clarification, flotation, wine filterability, aroma and polyphenol extraction, as well as enhancing aromatic expression, improving mouthfeel, contributing to protein stability and helping to stabilize color.

WHAT ARE ENZYMES EXTRACTED FROM?

Enological enzymes are produced by diverse species of fungi such as *Aspergillus*, *Rhizopus* and *Trichoderma*, except for lysozyme which is extracted from egg whites.

WHY SO MANY PECTOLYTIC ENZYMES?

Pectolytic enzymes include enzymes (Figure 1) that break down homogalacturonan chains and enzymes that break down other pectin components such as rhamnogalacturonans I, II and their side chains. The balance between these pectolytic activities impacts the performance of the enzyme preparation.

- Pectin lyase (PL) randomly separates the pectin chain and releases midsize polymers. This activity promotes a fast depectinization and fast reduction of viscosity.
- Polygalacturonase (PG) separates galacturonic acids only when they are not esterified.
- Pectin methyl esterase (PME) de-esterifies galacturonic acid, allowing PG to perform.
- Rhamnogalacturonase, arabinanase and galactanase break down "branched pectins," commonly referred to as the "hairy zone." These activities are especially important to improve settling or filtration of difficult juices.

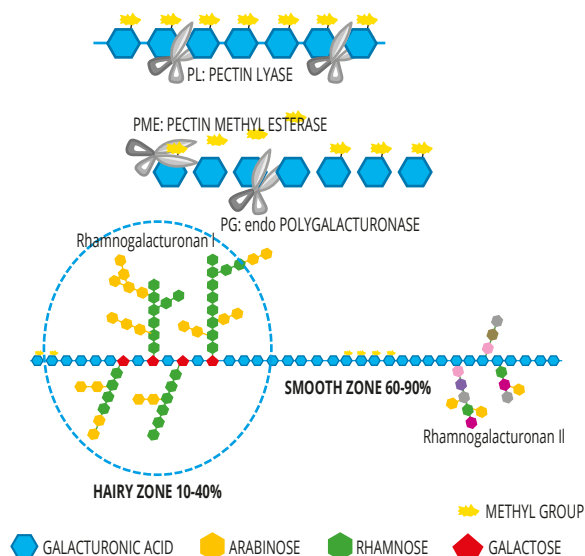


Figure 1: Representation of main pectolytic activities on pectin chains.

WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN POWDERED AND LIQUID FORMS OF ENZYMES?

Powdered enzymes are easy to store, have a long shelf life with limited risk of contamination and require no preservatives. Liquid enzymes are convenient to use and dose. They require cold storage and have a shorter shelf life due to possible microbiological contamination after opening.

HOW LONG WILL POWDERED/GRANULAR ENZYMES REMAIN ACTIVE AFTER REHYDRATION?

Rehydrated powdered/granular enzymes should not be kept in liquid form for more than a few hours at room temperature.

HOW DOES TEMPERATURE AFFECT ENZYMATIC ACTIVITIES?

Most enzymes are denatured at temperatures above 60°C (140°F) and inactivated at temperatures below 5°C (40°F). Optimum temperature for enological enzymes is around 40°C (104°F).

DOES SO₂ AFFECT ENZYME ACTIVITY?

Even with an addition of 2000 ppm of SO₂, the enzymatic activity of EnartisZym RS, for example, is not affected (Figure 2). Using SO₂ and enzymes is fine, however timing is important. Add enzymes after SO₂ has adequately dispersed or vice versa. Do not add SO₂ and enzymes at the same time.

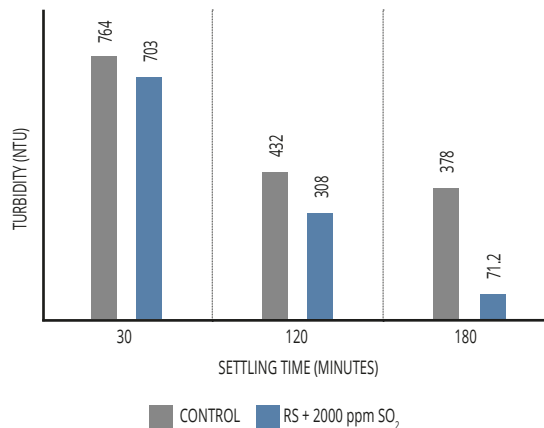


Figure 2: Impact of SO₂ addition on EnartisZym RS effectivity

HOW DO TANNIN OR BENTONITE ADDITIONS INTERFERE WITH ENZYME ACTIVITY?

As shown, the addition of bentonite or tannin does not have a significant effect on the clarification capacity of EnartisZym RS (Figure 3). We recommend waiting 30 minutes after the complete homogenization of the enzyme before adding tannin or bentonite.

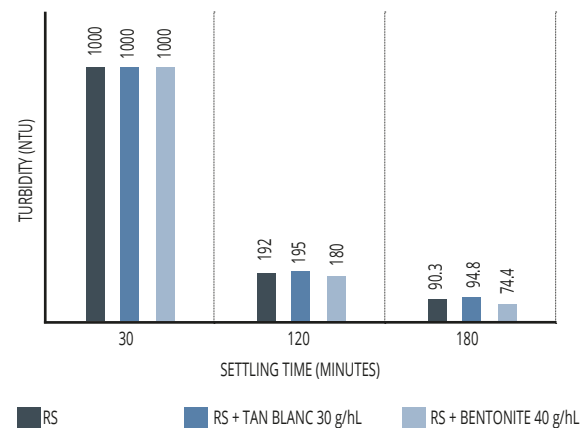


Figure 3: Impact of tannin and bentonite addition on EnartisZym RS effect.

HOW DO I DECIDE WHAT DOSAGE OF ENZYME TO USE?

Dosage is related to the desired effect, contact time, temperature and inhibiting factors. Cold temperatures, short contact times and alcohol presence can be compensated by applying a higher dosage rate.



Inspiring innovation.

YEAST NUTRIENTS

Understanding the nutritional requirements for yeast is fundamental in accomplishing a successful fermentation and preventing stuck fermentations. Managing nutrient requirements not only allows for regular and complete fermentations but enhances sensory quality. Enartis has a wide range of nutrients which provide solutions for many different conditions and purposes.

NUTRIFERM AROM PLUS

Nutrient and biological fermentation regulator comprised of yeast derivative with an elevated content of free amino acids and thiamine. NUTRIFERM AROM PLUS supplements mainly branched chain amino acids that yeast can use to produce esters and other aromatically active compounds. When it is used in combination with a yeast that has the metabolic pathways necessary to exploit this amino acidic content, NUTRIFERM AROM PLUS significantly increases the aromatic intensity and complexity of the wine. It also provides survival factors that help with yeast viability and thus ensures successful fermentations.

Application: enhance secondary aroma production

Dosage: 15-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg



NUTRIFERM AROM PLUS is far and away the best performing complex yeast nutrition in the market! Added whilst rehydration of the yeast takes place it ensures a complete and steady fermentation, assisting the yeast in fermentation to produce a complex flavor profile in any wine style. **Rianco van Rooyen, Winemaker at Oranje River Cellar - South Africa**

NUTRIFERM AROM

A nutrient obtained from autolyzed yeast. NUTRIFERM AROM provides thiamine and amino acids that can be used as precursors for the synthesis of aromatic compounds. Its addition at the time of yeast inoculation helps to increase the aromatic intensity and complexity of the wine, without overshadowing the varietal character. At the same time, it helps yeast growth and a regular fermentation.

Application: improved fermentation aromas

Dosage: 30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

I have been using Enartis nutrients almost exclusively for 6 years, and my copper sulfate purchases have dropped significantly, as well as my restart products.

Lucas Meeker, The Meeker Vineyard - Virginia, USA

NUTRIFERM ENERGY

NUTRIFERM ENERGY provides amino acids, trace elements and mineral salts naturally contained in yeast cells. The addition of nutrients and vitamins are vital in the initial phases of yeast multiplication, when external elements such as alcohol, sulfur dioxide and lack of oxygen have not yet intervened to modify yeast metabolism and its ability to select nutrients. NUTRIFERM ENERGY is recommended during the preparation of the starter culture and at yeast inoculation. Because of its nutritional and energetic contributions, it shortens lag phase, prevents the formation of hydrogen sulfide and acetic acid, and increases production of glycerol and polysaccharides.

Application: complete nutrition for yeast; prevention of stuck or sluggish fermentations

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL

Packaging: 10 kg

I've been using NUTRIFERM ENERGY on red wines at yeast inoculation. It's a very reliable nutrient that allows smooth and clean fermentations without challenges. NUTRIFERM ENERGY respects the aromatic profile of the fruit. **Alberto Bianchi, Winemaker at Newton vineyards - California, USA**

NUTRIFERM SPECIAL

Complex nutrient containing inorganic nitrogen, thiamine and yeast derivative. Designed to facilitate primary fermentation and to prevent stuck fermentations due to biochemical causes. Providing suitable amounts of YAN, vitamins and mineral salts, it ensures that the yeast will produce a pleasant aroma as well as negligible levels of hydrogen sulfide and other unwanted characteristics.

Application: musts with low YAN; very clean musts

Dosage: 30-50 g/hL

Packaging: 10 kg

I am very happy with NUTRIFERM SPECIAL. We inoculated six red wine tanks just this morning together with NUTRIFERM SPECIAL. It is so easy to work with, and works with any yeast! Fermentation starts quickly when using this product. I can definitely recommend it to other winemakers.

Hanlie Schönborn, Assistant Winemaker at Napier Winery, Wellington, South Africa

NUTRIFERM ADVANCE

Alcohol and high temperatures are the main factors that are responsible for stuck fermentations. These factors cause degradation of yeast cell membrane, which results in the loss of the ability to use sugar. The addition of NUTRIFERM ADVANCE at 1/3 fermentation prevents irregular kinetics while maintaining an efficient sugar transport system until fermentation is complete. A complex additive made from yeast derivative, ammonium phosphate and cellulose, it helps yeast with alcohol tolerance and exerts a detoxifying action, thus assuring optimal aroma cleanliness while preventing the formation of hydrogen sulfide.

Application: nutrient correction at 1/3 sugar depletion; prevention of off-flavors and stuck or sluggish fermentations

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

NUTRIFERM NO STOP

Yeast derivative rich in sterols and long-chain fatty acids. Used at mid-fermentation, it helps maintain yeast membrane integrity and therefore corrects fermentation anomalies. In case of stuck fermentation, its addition can help the fermentation restart without the need for another yeast inoculation.

Application: prevent and treat stuck fermentations

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

EnartisGreen NUTRIENTE

Fermentation aid made of organic yeast hulls certified organic in accordance with European Regulation [Reg. (EC) N° 834/2007 and Reg. (EC) N° 889/2008]. It helps yeast metabolism providing physical support to the fermenting cells, helping CO₂ liberation and absorbing toxic compounds present in the juice or produced during the fermentation.

Application: fermentation aid

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

NUTRIFERM VIT

Containing ammonium sulfate, diammonium phosphate, thiamine, NUTRIFERM VIT, supplies immediately available nitrogen to the yeast hence guaranteeing a stable fermentation.

Application: yeast basic nitrogen nutrition

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 20 kg

NUTRIFERM VIT FLO

NUTRIFERM VIT FLO is the fermentation starter par excellence, made of diammonium phosphate and thiamine. Designed to create the most favorable environment for yeast to grow and propagate, it avoids sluggish or difficult fermentation that would have a deleterious effect on the wine.

Application: yeast basic nitrogen nutrition

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL

Packaging: 20 kg



During the 2020 harvest Van Loveren used NUTRIFERM VIT as a fermentation aid on there wines and believes the product ensures enough nutrients for the yeast to complete and allow for a stable alcoholic fermentation.
Chris Crafford , Winemaker at Van Loveren Family Vineyards, Robertson, South Africa

ENARTIS NUTRIENTS AND FERMENTATION AIDS MAIN FEATURES

	NUTRIFERM AROM PLUS	NUTRIFERM AROM	NUTRIFERM ENERGY	NUTRIFERM SPECIAL	NUTRIFERM ADVANCE	NUTRIFERM NO STOP	ENARTISGREEN NUTRIENTE	NUTRIFERM VIT	NUTRIFERM VIT FLO
APPLICATION	Supply of precursors for the synthesis of fermentation aromas	Supply of precursors for the synthesis of fermentation aromas Basic nitrogen nutrition	Reinforce fermentation capacity of yeast	Balanced and complete nutrition	Help for a complete and clean fermentation	Prevention and treatment of stuck fermentation	Detoxification of must	Basic nitrogen nutrition	Basic nitrogen nutrition
NITROGEN FROM AMINOACIDS	★★★★★	★★★★	★★★★	★★					
INORGANIC NITROGEN				★★★	★★★			★★★★★	★★★★★
AROMATIC PRECURSORS	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★		★			
STEROLS & FATTY ACIDS	★★★	★★★	★★★★	★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★		
MINERALS	★★★	★★★	★★★	★★	★★	★★			
VITAMINS	★★★	★★★	★★★★	★★	★★	★★★		★	★
SULFATE	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO
ADSORPTIVE EFFECT	★★★★	★★★★	★★★★	★★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★		
TIMING OF ADDITION	Yeast inoculation	Yeast inoculation	Yeast inoculation	Yeast inoculation	1/3 sugar depletion	Second half of fermentation and in case of sluggish or stuck fermentation	Any time during fermentation and in case of sluggish or stuck fermentation	Yeast inoculation or starting from 24 hrs after organic nitrogen addition	Yeast inoculation or starting from 24 hrs after organic nitrogen addition
RECOMMENDED DOSAGE	15-30 g/hL	30 g/hL	10-30 g/hL	30-50 g/hL	20-40 g/hL	20-40 g/hL	10-40 g/hL	10-30 g/hL	10-30 g/hL
MAXIMUM LEGAL DOSAGE (EU REGULATION)	40 g/hL	40 g/hL	40 g/hL	60 g/hL	250 g/hL	q.s.	40 g/hL	30 g/hL	30 g/hL
SUITABILITY FOR ORGANIC WINE (EU REGULATION)	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	Organic certified	NO	YES

The logo for enartis, featuring the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red and white graphic element is positioned between the "n" and "a".

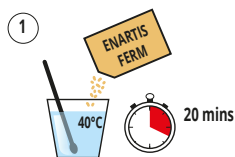
enartis

Inspiring innovation.

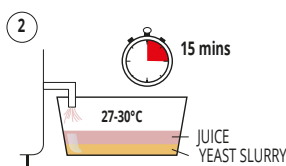
YEAST

One of the most important requirements a yeast must possess is the ability to ensure a healthy and complete fermentation, as this is the first step to create a quality wine. The knowledge and understanding of microbial characteristics, in addition to the practical experience gained over many years, has allowed us to understand the needs of the market and to suggest the application of each yeast to achieve the best quality wine, meeting winemakers' expectations.

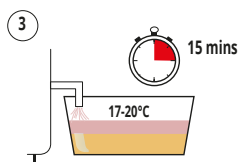
PROTOCOL FOR YEAST REHYDRATION



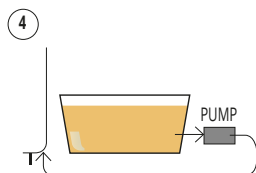
Rehydrate 20-40 g/hL of active dry yeast in 10 times its weight of chlorine-free water at 35-40°C. Stir gently to break up any clumps. Wait 20-30 minutes.



Slowly add some juice/must to yeast suspension to drop temperature: temperature drop should not be more than 10°C. This helps yeast acclimate to cool temperature of the juice and avoid cold shock. Let stand for 15 minutes.



Repeat (2) until the temperature difference between the tank and yeast slurry is below 10°C.



Add yeast slurry to the bottom of the fermentation vessel and mix the tank.

WHITE WINE FERMENTATION

EnartisFerm AROMA WHITE

Yeast strain that preserves varietal characters and produces fermentation aromas. When fermented at temperatures between 15-17°C, it enhances citrus and mineral notes. At higher temperatures (18-21°C), it produces intense aromas of white and tropical fruit. Due to its β -lyase activity, it is recommended for the fermentation of thiol-producing varieties such as Sauvignon Blanc, Pinot Blanc, Riesling and Gewurztraminer.

Application: *fruity white wines obtained from neutral grapes and thiol-producing varieties*

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm ES123

EnartisFerm ES123 is a blend of two strains that have synergistic fermentative and enological features. Compared to the single strain, the blend has higher alcohol tolerance, is faster in depleting sugar and produces a more intense aroma of green apple, pear, flowers and citrus. The overall enzymatic activities are ideal for both the fermentation of neutral and aromatic varieties such as Chardonnay, Muscat and Riesling. Very suitable also for the second fermentation of light and fresh sparkling wines like Prosecco.

Application: *fresh and easy-to-drink wines; fruity white wines obtained from neutral grapes; white wines with varietal characteristics; sweet wines*

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

EnartisFerm ES181

Good fermenter at low temperatures and in reductive conditions, EnartisFerm ES181 is recommended for the production of varietal wines fermented in stainless steel tanks. When properly fed, it produces fermentation aromas that increase the aromatic complexity without overshadowing the primary aromas. It also possesses intense β -lyase activity, therefore it is recommended for the fermentation of thiolic varieties such as Sauvignon Blanc, Semillon, Verdejo etc.

Application: *fermentation at low temperatures; reductive fermentation; varietal white wines; Sauvignon Blanc*

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg



I have been using ES181 more than 10 years. Without fail it has been a reliable companion helping me produce quality white wines my clients has come accustomed to.
Henri Swiegers, Production Manager - Winemaker at Badsberg Wine Cellar, South Africa

EnartisFerm Q9

Strain isolated from Sauvignon Blanc grape, EnartisFerm Q9 shows a strong ability to reveal thiols and to synthesize intense fermentation aromas. Used in the fermentation of thiolic varieties, it produces very intense wines with a clear varietal profile. Fed with organic nitrogen, it produces intense fermentation aromas that increase the olfactory complexity of the wine. Excellent results also with terpenic varieties.

Application: thiolic grape; terpenic grape; neutral grape

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

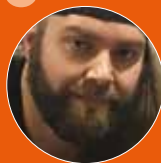
EnartisFerm Q CITRUS

Yeast strain selected for the production of white wines characterized by intense aromatic expression. EnartisFerm Q CITRUS expresses the fruit and floral aromas of grape terpenes, norisoprenoids and thiols. At the same time, it intensifies the varietal character by producing zesty and complex notes of citrus (grapefruit), tropical fruit (guava, passion fruit, pineapple) and flowers (jasmine, lime blossom).

Application: varietal expression; improves aromatic expression of wine from neutral grapes

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg



EnartisFerm Q CITRUS gave my wines incredible aromatics and massive sensory expression. We frequently perceive distinct notes of pineapple, orange and guava. EnartisFerm Q CITRUS reminds me of landing in Hawaii!
Lucas Meeker, Winemaker at The Meeker Vineyards - California, USA



(Talking about EnartisFerm Q CITRUS). Extremely efficient yeast ensuring constant fermentation at cool 12°C temperatures. One of the few types of yeast that are aptly named as it produces wines that are full and well balanced with aromas of lemon- and orange peel along with citrus. Well suited to Chenin blanc and Colombard and on wines where extremely low residual sugars are required. Since starting to use it 4 years ago we have placed increasing orders in subsequent vintages!
Rianco van Rooyen, Winemaker at Oranje River Cellar - South Africa

EnartisFerm VINTAGE WHITE

Increases varietal aromas and releases large quantities of polysaccharides during the *sur lie* stage. Its tendency to form lightly compacted lees reduces the number of *bâtonnage* and pump-overs. Because of its moderate fermentation speed, it is advised for barrel fermentation.

Application: varietal expression; barrel fermentation; lees ageing; large volume on the palate

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg



We trialed EnartisFerm VINTAGE WHITE on our Unwooded Chardonnay and Grenache Blanc during our 2020 harvest. We were delighted by the resulting wines. The yeast lived up to its promise of increased varietal aromas and increased weight on the pallet. Although fermentation takes place at a moderate speed it is well worth the wait!
Craig Christians, Winemaker at Rustenberg Wines, Stellenbosch, South Africa

RED WINE FERMENTATION

EnartisFerm ES454

Yeast for the production of red wines destined for ageing. It gives the best results when fermenting ripe and high-quality grapes. It produces unique wines characterized by elegant, ripe fruit, spicy aromas and smooth mouthfeel.

Application: varietal expression; medium to long ageing; grand red wines

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm ES488

Wines produced with this strain are both powerful on the nose and palate and suitable for ageing in oak. EnartisFerm ES488 produces intense black fruit and spicy aromas that are evident during the first stages following fermentation and remain persistent. Given its high extraction capacity, it results in wines with great structure and color. It also helps mask herbaceous notes in unripe grapes.

Application: thiol production; reduce herbaceous note; unripe grapes; medium to long ageing

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm Q5

Yeast strain suitable for the production of high-quality, varietal and fruit-forward red wines destined for extended barrel ageing. It helps with the expression of primary aromas from norisoprenoids contained in red grapes. EnartisFerm Q5 intensifies notes of red fruit (strawberry, raspberry, black cherry) and flowers (violet and rose) naturally present in red grapes by using the amino acids of juice to produce secondary aromas - esters and higher alcohols. It also increases wine complexity with spicy notes. Due to its excellent extraction capacity, it results in wines with intense and stable color and soft structure.

Application: varietal expression; esters production; extended barrel ageing

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm Q7

Alcohol tolerant strain (up to 17%) which heightens fresh fruit notes such as blackberry, plum and spices. It is recommended for fermenting grapes produced in hot climates or in vintages affected by drought. In these conditions, EnartisFerm Q7 ensures stable and complete fermentations and revitalizes the aromas by masking overripe fruit notes.

Application: hot climate area; freshen overripe grapes; high °Brix grapes; medium-long ageing

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm RED FRUIT

One of the most loved strains of the EnartisFerm range! It produces very intense aromas of fruit and violets along with elevated quantities of glycerol and polysaccharides. The resulting wines are round on the palate and have good color and aroma.

Application: rosé wines; fruity, young or moderately aged red wines.

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm VINTAGE RED

Moderate fermenter, capable of fermenting in a wide range of temperatures (18-35°C), EnartisFerm VINTAGE RED is known for its ability of producing soft and structured wines. It is also suitable for the production of wines made from slightly unripe grapes. Aromatically respectful of varietal characteristics, after the initial phase in which the wine appears closed and austere on the nose, with ageing it opens up and shows notes of ripe fruit and spices.

Application: varietal expression; medium to long ageing; grand red wines; oak ageing

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

I use EnartisFerm WS on my late harvest wines; it ferments up to 18% alcohol with no problem.

Ken Wright, Winemaker at Ken Wright Cellar - Oregon, USA

In 2017, I used EnartisFerm WS on our 2017 Zinfandel and 25% of our Cabernet Sauvignon to produce intense color, rich mouthfeel and balanced tannin structure and was very happy with the results.

David Bradley, Owner/Winemaker of Vindemia Vineyards - California, USA

EnartisFerm WS

Isolated from late harvest Zinfandel from Williams Selyem Winery, EnartisFerm WS is considered one of the most robust California yeast strains. It is well suited for a wide spectrum of red and white varieties and is recommended for fermentation of high °Brix juice and to restart stuck fermentations. EnartisFerm WS respects varietal and *terroir* characters and boosts fruit and spice expression, while contributing to both excellent complexity and structure enhancement with soft tannin extraction. It is particularly recommended for the production of high alcohol wines destined for medium- to long-term ageing.

Application: wide spectrum of red and white varieties, particularly Pinot Noir and Zinfandel; high °Brix grapes; restart stuck fermentations

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

I love the fruity and clean aromas that EnartisFerm WS gives to the wine.

Heather Perkin, Associate Winemaker at Elk Cove Vineyards - Oregon, USA

EnartisFerm VQ ASSMANSHAUSEN

The most popular yeast for Pinot Noir production. With its desirable characteristics of long lag time and alcohol tolerance up to 15%, this yeast is perfect for enhancing spicy characters. It contributes excellent complexity and good structural enhancement. Because of its exceptional characteristics, EnartisFerm VQ ASSMANSHAUSEN is also a good choice for Zinfandel, Syrah, Sangiovese, Barbera, and some white wine varieties like Riesling and Gewürztraminer.

Application: white, rosé and red wines; varietal expression; spicy aromas; elegant wines

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

TECHNICAL STRAINS

EnartisFerm BIO



Saccharomyces cerevisiae selected for the vinification of white, red and rosé wines that express the terroir and the varietal character with clean aromas. EnartisFerm BIO does not contain E491 sorbitan monostearate and is certified organic in accordance with European Regulation [Reg. (EC) N° 834/2007 and Reg. (EC) N° 889/2008].

Application: white, red and rosé wine fermentation

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

EnartisFerm EZFERM

Strain highly successful in preventing sluggish and stuck fermentations, with high alcohol tolerance (16.5%), minimal nitrogen needs, wide range of fermentation temperatures (12-34°C), and a great capacity to dominate over the wild flora. It respects the varietal aromatic characteristics of the grape.

Application: prevention of sluggish and stuck fermentations; high °Brix; late-harvest wines

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm EZFERM 44

EnartisFerm EZFERM improved! This strain combines high alcohol tolerance (17.5%), strong fermentation kinetics and minimal nutritional needs with a strong affinity for fructose metabolism. EnartisFerm EZFERM 44 is the recommended yeast for solving problems of sluggish and stuck fermentations.

Application: restarting sluggish and stuck fermentations

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm ES U42



Blend of a cryophilic strain *Saccharomyces uvarum* and a strain of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* ex ph. r. *bayanus*.

In fermentations at low temperatures, it finds the ideal conditions to express its enological qualities: low yield sugar/alcohol, high glycerol, low volatile acidity, high β-phenyl alcohol (rose and spicy aromas).

It preserves juice acidity producing malic and succinic acids.

Application: white, red and rosé wines; low temperature fermentations; late harvest

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

EnartisFerm PERLAGE BIO



A strain selected for the production of traditional method sparkling wines, it can be used successfully during primary fermentation of white wines. It produces wines with very elegant and clean aromas that express the characteristics of the grape variety and of the region. It is resistant to high sugar and alcohol concentrations, low pH and low temperatures. It allows for complete and quick sugar consumption and avoids the production of undesirable compounds.

Application: fermentation of base wine for sparkling; varietal white wines; bottle and tank fermented sparkling wines

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg - 10 kg

EnartisFerm PERLAGE FRUITY

EnartisFerm PERLAGE FRUITY is a very aromatic strain recommended for the production of attractive, fresh, fruity wines both with Charmat and traditional methods. During the autolysis, it releases a good quantity of mannoproteins that help to improve the sensory, the perlage and the color stability of red and rosé sparkling wines.

Application: base wine; second fermentation in pressure tank; classic method; fruity aroma

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

ENARTIS YEAST CHARACTERISTICS

	TEMPERATURE	LAG PHASE	FERMENTATION SPEED	ALCOHOL TOLERANCE	KILLER FACTOR	COMPATIBILITY WITH MLF	NITROGEN NEEDS	OXYGEN NEEDS	AROMATIC FEATURES	WHITE	RED	ROSÉ	BUBBLES
Aroma White <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	15-24°C	Medium	Medium	15%	Killer	Neutral	High	Medium	F - V	●			
ES123 <i>S. cerevisiae</i> x <i>bayanus</i>	15-25°C	Short	Medium	15%	Killer	Low	High	Medium	F	●			●
ES181 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	10-20°C	Short	High	16,5%	Killer	Low	Low	Medium-Low	F - V	●		●	●
Q9 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	14-20°C	Short	High	14,5%	Neutral	Neutral	Medium-High	Medium	F - V	●		●	
Q Citrus <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	10-20°C	Short	High	15%	Neutral	Low	Medium	Medium	F	●		●	
Vintage White <i>S. bayanus</i>	14-24°C	Short	Medium	15,5%	Killer	Good	High	Medium-High	V	●			
ES454 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	18-30°C	Short	Medium	16%	Sensitive	High	Medium	Medium	V		●		
ES488 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	15-28°C	Short	Medium-slow	16%	Killer	High	High	High	F - V		●		
ES U42 <i>S. uvarum</i> + <i>S. bayanus</i>	8-28°C	Medium	Medium	15%	Neutral	Good	Low	Medium-Low	F - V	●	●	●	
Q5 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	15-32°C	Medium	Medium	16%	Neutral	Good	Medium	High	F - V		●		
Q7 <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	16-30°C	Medium	Medium-slow	16,5%	Neutral	Neutral	Medium	Medium	F		●		
Red Fruit <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	14-34°C	Short	High	16%	Killer	Neutral	High	High	F		●	●	
Vintage Red <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	18-32°C	Short	Medium	16%	Neutral	High	Medium	Medium-High	V		●		
VQ Assmanshausen <i>S. cerevisiae</i> x <i>S. kudriavzevii</i>	20-30°C	Long	Slow	15%	Neutral	High	Medium	Low	V	●	●		
WS <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	16-30°C	Medium	Medium-High	18%	Neutral	Neutral	Low	Low	V	●		●	
Bio <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	15-28°C	Medium	Medium	14%	Neutral	Neutral	Medium	Low	N	●	●	●	
EZFerm <i>S. bayanus</i>	12-34°C	Short	High	16,5%	Neutral	High	Medium-Low	Low	N	●	●	●	
EZferm 44 <i>S. bayanus</i>	15-30°C	Short	Medium	17,5%	Neutral	Neutral	Low	Low	N	●	●	●	
Perlage <i>S. bayanus</i>	10-30°C	Short	High	17%	Killer	Low	Low	Low	V	●		●	●
Perlage Fruity <i>S. bayanus</i>	14-20°C	Short	Medium	15%	Killer	Neutral	Medium	Low	F	●	●	●	●

F = fermentation aroma

V = varietal

N = Neutral

RESTART AND/OR COMPLETE A STUCK FERMENTATION

The successful restart of a stuck fermentation depends upon three critical factors:

- > Diagnose the causes of fermentation arrest.
- > Appropriate wine treatment.
- > Proper acclimation of the yeast.

1- TREAT THE STUCK WINE BEFORE THE RESTART - 24 HOURS PRIOR TO YEAST PREPARATION

1. Press off skins or rack off lees.
2. Remove spoilage microbes with EnartisStab MICRO M at 15 g/hL
3. Rack off lees 24 hours after treatment and add NUTRIFERM NO STOP at 20 g/hL.

2- PREPARE AND ACCLIMATE THE YEAST

STEP 1: Prepare starter

Tip: Use a sanitized tank able to hold the entire volume of stuck wine.

- Take 2.5 % of stuck wine.
- Add the same amount of water (2.5% of total volume).
- Add 10 g/hL of NUTRIFERM ENERGY (calculated on the volume of stuck wine).
- Adjust sugar level to 50 g/L (5°Brix).
- Maintain temperature at 20-23°C.

STEP 2: Yeast rehydration

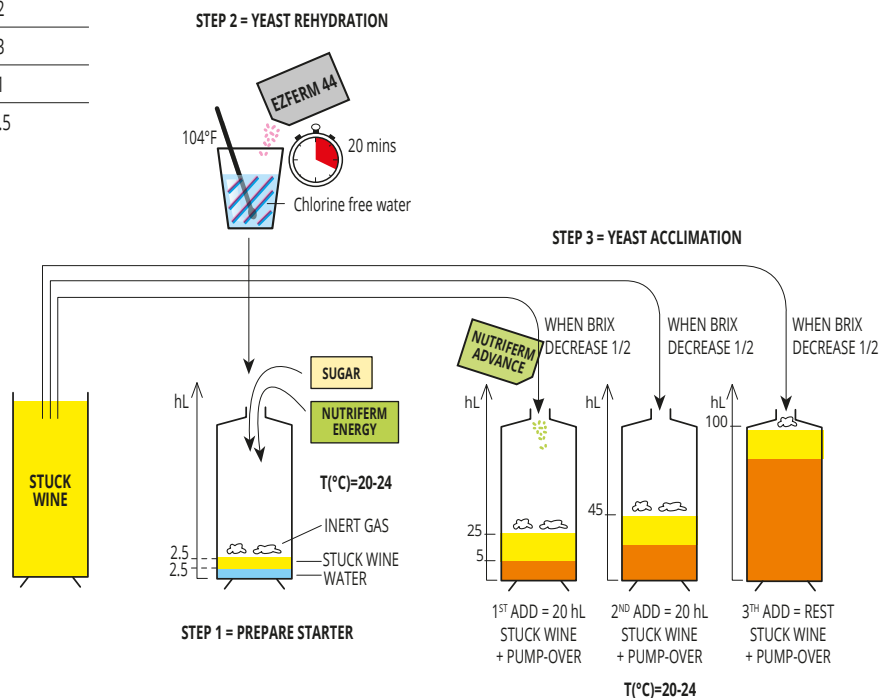
Rehydrate 30 g/hL (calculated on the volume of stuck wine) of EnartisFerm EZFERM 44 in 10 times its weight of chlorine-free water at 40°C and wait 20 minutes.

STEP 3: Acclimate the yeast and start fermentation

- Add rehydrated yeast to STEP 1 and monitor °Brix and Temperature.
- At 1/2 °Brix depletion, add 20% of stuck wine + 5 g/hL of NUTRIFERM ADVANCE (calculated on volume of stuck wine).
- At 1/2 °Brix depletion, add another 20% of stuck wine.
- At 1/2 °Brix depletion, add the remaining stuck wine.

3- PRODUCT NEEDS FOR 100 hL:

WINEMAKING PRODUCT	QUANTITY (kg)
EnartisStab MICRO M	1.5
NUTRIFERM NO STOP	2
EnartisFerm EZFERM 44	3
NUTRIFERM ENERGY	1
NUTRIFERM ADVANCE	0.5



Why use NUTRIFERM NO STOP?

NUTRIFERM NO STOP acts as a protector by improving yeast membrane integrity. Additionally, it eliminates medium chain fatty acids and pesticides residues which may inhibit fermentation.

Why use NUTRIFERM ENERGY?

Nutrient content in stuck wine cannot support yeast growth. Complex yeast nutrients improves yeast activity and facilitates their acclimation to hostile wine conditions. NUTRIFERM ENERGY provides essential elements for yeast development.

Why using EnartisFerm EZFERM 44?

It is a fructophilic yeast, vigorous fermenter with low nutrition needs. It has high implantation rate and strong resistance to alcohol and VA.



Inspiring innovation.

TANNINS

Many wines benefit from the addition of tannins, provided that the treatment is carried out at the most appropriate time. Since the different origins and properties of tannin can produce substantially different results, care must be taken to select the best tannin for each winemaking application. In conjunction with the foremost research centers, Enartis has studied exogenous tannins and their effects for many years. These studies have enabled Enartis to select and produce a comprehensive range of the highest quality tannins for winemaking.

WHITE VINIFICATION

EnartisTan AROM

EnartisTan AROM is a blend of tannins and yeast derivative specifically formulated for the treatment of white and rosé juice. The tannins, consisting of hydrolyzable, high molecular weight tannins, are particularly reactive with grape proteins that affect protein stability in finished wines. The inactivated yeast provides amino acids with antioxidant activity that are an important source of thiol precursors.

Application: antioxidant protection; protein stabilization; thiols; fruity wines

Dosage: 2-20 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan CIT

A blend of gallic and condensed tannins extracted from lemon wood. The low temperatures used during the extraction process of the condensed tannin preserve aromatic precursors in the wood that enhances the fruit and floral notes of the resulting wines. These characters are especially evident when paired with high β -glycosidase activity yeast (EnartisFerm AROMA WHITE, VINTAGE WHITE, ES181 and Q CITRUS).

Application: enhancement of floral and fruit aroma

Dosage: 5-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

RED VINIFICATION

EnartisTan COLOR

Blend of tannins and yeast derivative. When added at the crusher, EnartisTan COLOR provides immediate antioxidant protection to anthocyanin and aromatic molecules. The grape seed tannins in the blend ensure the condensation of the anthocyanin fraction to form stable color pigments responsible for vibrant and young color. The addition of EnartisTan COLOR stimulates yeast to produce thiols thus enhancing spicy and black fruit aromas.

Application: antioxidant protection; long-term color stabilization; enhancement of thiols

Dosage: 50-200 g/ton

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan RF

A blend of condensed tannins, many extracted from the wood of red fruit trees. These proanthocyanidinic tannins enrich wine with aromatic precursors that are responsible for notes of berries and red fruit. During primary fermentation, these precursors can be liberated by yeast strains (EnartisFerm Red Fruit, ES488, Q5 and ES454) with an intense β -glycosidase activity. Because of their liberation, the wine is enriched with fruit forward aromas that integrate the varietal aromas and those produced during fermentation.

Application: wines with increased fruit aromas; color stabilization; red and rosé wines

Dosage: 100-200 g/ton

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan FERMCOLOR

EnartisTan FERMCOLOR is a blend of alcohol extracted condensed and hydrolyzable tannins. It combines a high antioxidant efficacy with excellent organoleptic quality. Used immediately on crushed grapes, it protects anthocyanins from oxidation and contributes to their stabilization. For its intense soft taste, it is recommended in the production of red wines intended for ageing and quality wines with a delicate structure.

Application: antioxidant protection; color stabilization; reds intended for ageing

Dosage: 200-400 g/ton

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

We have been using EnartisTan FERMCOLOR and ROUGE as sacrificial tannins pre and post flash détente. We saw an impressive impact on color stability, mid-palate and wine structure, especially on our Bordeaux varietals and Zinfandels. Megan McCollough, Winemaker at Hahn Family Wines - California, USA

EnartisTan ROUGE

Micro granulated blend of gallic, ellagic and condensed tannins. When added at grape reception, during cold soak or in the first stage of maceration, it protects color and aromatic compounds from oxidation thus increasing wine color and aroma potential. Additionally, EnartisTan ROUGE reinforces the structure of the wine and imparts balance. Recommended in case of moldy grapes.

Application: "sacrificial" tannin; anti-oxidant protection; color stabilization

Dosage: 200-300 g/ton

Packaging: 15 kg

EnartisTan XC

EnartisTan XC is a tannin rich in monocatechins developed to increase color stability in young red and rosé wines. It is extremely effective in creating co-pigments with must-free anthocyanins. The color complexes formed this way are more resistant to oxidation, more soluble in must/wine and available for condensation reactions with grape tannins.

Application: color stabilization through copigmentation; young to medium aged red wines; rosé

Dosage: 200-400 g/ton on red grapes; 2-15 g/hL in rosé juice

Packaging: 1 kg - 15 kg

TECHNICAL TANNINS

EnartisTan BLANC

Micro-granulated gallic tannin with high antioxidant activity. It can be added to the wine to enhance SO₂ antioxidant and antimicrobial activity. Sensory neutral and very effective even at low doses, EnartisTan BLANC does not affect wine aroma. In white wines, it prevents the reductive characters caused by exposure to ultraviolet (light-struck defect).

Application: antioxidant protection; prevention of light-struck

Dosage: 4-10 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 12.5 kg

EnartisTan E

Condensed tannin mainly consisting of monocatechins obtained by purification from an unfermented white grape seed extract. Very effective for the stabilization of coloring matter, its use is recommended in the early stages of the alcoholic fermentation and during the micro-oxygenation phase that precedes the malolactic fermentation.

Application: color stabilization; micro-oxygenation; enhance body and structure

Dosage: 50-200 g/ton during maceration; 3-15 g/hL during micro-oxygenation

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan MAX NATURE

EnartisTan MAX NATURE is a mixture of condensed tannins formulated to increase aromatic cleanliness of white and red wines. In particular, it removes reductive and herbaceous character, while highlighting fruit and floral notes that are typical of young wines. It increases mouthfeel without adding astringency. EnartisTan MAX NATURE is an ideal tannin for treatment of wines where lightness and ease of consumption are desired.

Application: remove reductive and herbaceous notes; increase fruit and floral characters

Dosage: 3-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan SLI

EnartisTan SLI is produced from untoasted American oak with a unique process that avoids the use of high temperature. It displays an extraordinary capability of scavenging oxygen and radicals, chelating metals and slightly reducing wine redox potential. For its characteristics, EnartisTan SLI can be used in synergy or as an alternative to SO₂ to protect wine from oxidation and to improve its shelf life.

Application: antioxidant protection; improve the shelf life of wine; treat reduction

Dosage: 0.5-2 g/hL as antioxidant; 2-15 g/hL to improve the sensory

Packaging: 0.5 kg

HIDEKI

NEW

HIDEKI is a tannin with a very powerful antioxidant and microbiostatic activity. It is meant to be used during wine preparation for bottling as a natural and allergen free replacement of SO₂, to protect wine from oxidation and to prevent alterations caused by unwanted microorganisms.

Application: natural and allergen free alternative to SO₂; antioxidant protection of wine; prevention of the growth of unwanted microorganisms

Dosage: 1-3 g/hL as an antioxidant; 5-10 g/hL as microbiostatic

Packaging: 1 kg

OAK TANNINS

EnartisTan DC

Tannin obtained from French oak with extended seasoning and medium-heavy toast. EnartisTan DC enhances sensory characteristics such as chocolate and spice aromas, structure and softness found in barrel-aged wines. EnartisTan DC also helps integrate tannin and aromatic components of used barrels.

Application: finishing; extend the life of barrels

Dosage: 0.5-15 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

EnartisTan ÉLEVAGE

EnartisTan ÉLEVAGE is extracted from lightly toasted French oak. It is very effective in treating and preventing the formation of reductive aroma. For this reason, it is well-suited for the treatment of wines on lees. It can also be used to increase structure and aromatic complexity, imparting elegant vanilla, caramel and licorice notes.

Application: increase structure; prevent and treat reductive characters

Dosage: 2-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan NAPA

Tannin extracted from toasted American oak. When added during white and red wine maturation, EnartisTan NAPA enhances aromas of caramel, coconut, coffee and cocoa, and increases wine structure and sweetness. EnartisTan NAPA also has a good antioxidant effect and can be added to used barrels to reintegrate their original content of tannin and improve their impact on color stability. In some cases, it can reduce wine bitterness and astringency.

Application: finishing; increase aroma complexity and structure

Dosage: 3-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg



We love to use the Enartis fining tannin range in combination with SURLI VELVET to find the perfect harmony in our wines prior to bottling. Their expert advice and attention to customer satisfaction is exemplary. We regard the Enartis South Africa team as part of the family here at Kaapzicht.
Kayleigh Hattingh, Assistant Winemaker at Kaapzicht Wines Estate, South Africa

GRAPE TANNINS

EnartisTan ELEGANCE

EnartisTan ELEGANCE is a mixture of condensed tannins largely extracted from white grape skins. When used in white and rosé wines during fermentation and maturation, it possesses an intense antioxidant activity guaranteed to maintain long-term young color hue and aromatic freshness. It enhances fruit and floral notes and increases structure and softness. It can also be used in red wines to enhance fruitiness without imparting astringency.

Application: antioxidant protection; increase structure and fruit notes

Dosage: 10-15 g/hL during fermentation; 3-10 g/hL in wine

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan FF

Blend of tannins extracted from lemon wood and white grape skins. EnartisTan FF has excellent antioxidant capacity. To be used during ageing or pre-bottling of white and rosé wines to freshen aroma, reduce overripe fruit notes, impart softness and protect from oxidation.

Application: freshen wine aroma; increase antioxidant protection

Dosage: 0.5-10 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan SKIN

A condensed tannin extracted from the skin of pressed (not fermented) white grapes. Its addition to must or wine immediately after primary fermentation provides better color and protein stability. Moreover, being high in thiol precursors, its addition enhances fruit aromas and improves structure, mouthfeel and complexity of white, red and rosé wines.

Application: antioxidant protection; increase structure and fruit notes

Dosage: 3-20 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan TFT

Blend of tannins extracted from wood of red fruit trees and fresh white grape skins. To be used during ageing or pre-bottling of red and rosé wines to improve aromatic freshness, fruit aroma, structure, softness and antioxidant protection.

Application: freshen wine aromas; increase antioxidant protection

Dosage: 0.5-20 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan UVA

A proanthocyanidinic extract obtained from mature white grape seeds. Its addition to must or wine immediately after primary fermentation facilitates an earlier formation of long-term stable pigments. In white wines, its ability to eliminate unstable proteins can reduce the quantity of bentonite necessary to achieve stability. Moreover, its addition enhances fruit aromas and improves structure, mouthfeel and complexity of white, red and rosé wines.

Application: color stabilization; increase structure and fruit notes

Dosage: 3-10 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisTan UVASPEED

EnartisTan UVASPEED is a tannin extracted from unfermented white grape skins specifically for the treatment of wines during the maturation phase. EnartisTan UVASPEED immediately provides intense fruit notes as well as great softness. It helps to decrease astringent and bitter sensations. Due to its limited reactivity with proteins, it can be used immediately prior to bottling.

Application: decrease astringency; increase structure and fruit notes

Dosage: 3-20 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg



I believe in the concept of continuous improvement and thanks to Enartis vast range of finishing tannins. We always manage to improve our wines from great to excellent.
James Ochse, Winemaker at Stellenbosch Hills, South Africa

UNICO LINE

The Unico tannins are a unique line of tannins that were developed solely by Enartis and have no close matches in the market. Although the Unico tannins are quite different from each other, they all have tremendous impacts on wine sensory profiles. The unique production process, proprietary to Enartis, makes it possible to obtain tannins with enhanced characteristics beyond those of typical enological tannins: intense and distinct aromas, high content of tannin, high content of polysaccharides making them soft and sweet on the palate. Because of their intrinsic intensity, the addition rates are lower compared to normal enological tannins.

EnartisTan UNICO #1

EnartisTan UNICO #1 is extracted from toasted oak selected for the quality and richness of its aroma. Due to the low temperature and low pressure employed during the production process, these aromatic compounds are concentrated and captured in the final product. EnartisTan UNICO #1 has the most intense vanilla-chocolate-toasted oak aromas that you can experience from a tannin. At the same time, it contributes body and can be successfully used on both red and white wines.

Application: finishing; increase aroma complexity

Dosage: 1-15 g/hL

Packaging: 250 g

EnartisTan UNICO #2

Condensed tannin extracted from the wood of red fruit trees. EnartisTan UNICO #2 will significantly increase wine's fresh red fruit character enhancing notes of cherry, black currant, plum and berries in general. It also results in wines with softness, structure and sweetness and reduces the sensation of harshness. It has been proven effective on red, rosé and white wines.

Application: finishing; enhance wine fruity aroma

Dosage: 1-15 g/hL

Packaging: 250 g

EnartisTan UNICO #3

EnartisTan UNICO #3 is a blend of condensed and hydrolyzable tannins. As a result of the unique production process and the distinctive origin of its components, EnartisTan UNICO #3 is able to freshen wine aroma by enhancing citrus and floral notes. EnartisTan UNICO #3 is particularly suitable for treating wines with slight oxidized and overripe aromas.

Application: increase aromatic freshness

Dosage: 1-10 g/hL

Packaging: 250 g

	COLOR STABILIZATION	ANTIOXIDANT EFFECT	INCREASE OF AROMATIC CLEANLINESS	PROTEIN REMOVAL	STRUCTURE	ASTRIGENCY	SOFTNESS	AROMA	AROMA DESCRIPTION
FERMENTATION TANNINS									
Arom	▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Pineapple, passion fruit, grapefruit
CIT	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	Citrus, white flower
Color	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Blackcurrant, spices
Fermcolor	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Wood, cherry
RF	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	Strawberry, plum, cherry
Rouge	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	Wood, spices
XC	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲	Wood
TECHNICAL TANNINS									
Blanc	▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲	▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲	Elderflower
E	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	Stonefruit, grape
HIDEKI	▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲	Elderflower, wood
Max Nature	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲	Camomile
SLI	▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Wood, cocunut, vanilla
OAK TANNINS									
DC	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	Cocoa, toasted hazelnut, vanilla
Élevage	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	Caramel, licorice, vanilla
Napa	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	Coconut, caramel, coffee, cocoa
GRAPE TANNINS									
Elegance	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	Stonefruit, white flower
FF	▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Lemon, citrus, mint, fresh fruit
Skin	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Grapes, tea, fruit
TFT	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Strawberry, plum, cherry, berries
Uva	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	White fruit
Uvaspeed	▲▲▲▲	▲	▲	▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲	Grape, honey
UNICO TANNINS									
Unico #1	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲▲	Vanilla, cocoa, toasted wood, spices
Unico #2	▲▲▲	▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲▲▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲▲	Red fruit, wild berries, cherry
Unico #3	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲	▲▲	▲▲	▲	▲▲▲▲	▲▲▲▲▲▲	Flower, lemon, mint

KNOW MORE ABOUT POLYPHENOLS IN WINEMAKING

DIFFERENT CATEGORIES OF POLYPHENOLS

Grape polyphenols:

- **Non-flavonoids:** The major non-flavonoid phenolic compounds in grapes are hydroxycinnamates. They are the preferred substrate for polyphenol oxidase and usually the first compounds involved in the oxidation of grape juice.
- **Flavonoids:** One of the major classes of phenolic compounds in grapes. They are localized in skins and seeds. Flavonoids include three main groups: tannins, flavonols and anthocyanins.
 - The tannin group contains complex combinations of catechins (also Flavan-3-ols) found in grape seeds and skins, correctly described as condensed tannins.
 - Anthocyanins are mostly found in grape skins and are the main source of color pigments in red wine.
 - Flavonols: found in grape skins, they are known as co-factors for the color-enhancing phenomenon known as co-pigmentation.

Hydrolyzable tannins: Derived from wood, they are oligomeric forms of gallic acid and can be specified as gallotannins or ellagitannins whether they are constituted of gallic acid or ellagic acid moieties.

A LITTLE BIT ABOUT COLOR IN WINE...

The initial color of red wine is mainly due to anthocyanins, extracted from grapes during the winemaking process. In their cationic form, anthocyanins are highly reactive with any nucleophile. In the presence of SO_2 and H_2O , this reaction can lead to color loss. Stabilization of wine pigments can occur via co-pigmentation, condensation or cycloaddition.

Co-pigmentation is the enhancement of color due to formation of complexes between anthocyanins and cofactors such as flavonols, hydroxycinnamates and/or colloids via a weak electrostatic bond. The desirable feature of a co-factor is its planarity, which allows the stacking of anthocyanins, thus keeping them stable and soluble. Co-pigmentation has hyperchromic and bathochromic effects, which initially lead to higher intensity and darker colored wines. These molecules, important in young red wines, are considered "semi-stable" pigments.

Condensation leads to more stable pigments. They can be formed via direct bonds between anthocyanins and tannins or in oxidative environments via acetaldehyde bridges.

Cycloaddition involves yeast metabolites and can lead to the most stable form of pigments. It consists of a cycloaddition between flavylum ions and compounds with polymerized double bonds.

COLOR STABILIZATION IN RED WINES

Enartis continually develops color stabilization strategies and technology to achieve stability during maceration. Color stability has to be managed as soon as possible, starting in the vineyard. Most red grape varieties have more anthocyanins than tannins, which can lead to color stability issues.

WINEMAKING STAGE	REACTIONS	ENARTIS PRODUCTS
HARVEST	Prevent oxidation of color/phenolic compounds with antioxidant protection.	100-150 g/ton of AST
COLD SOAK	"Sacrificial" tannins reinforce SO_2 antioxidant effect and eliminate proteins that would react with grape polyphenols, thus protecting grape tannins.	150-200 g/ton, EnartisTan ROUGE or EnartisTan FERMCOLOR
	Maceration enzymes improve grape skin tannin extraction, favoring anthocyanin/tannin reactions and stabilizing color pigments. The protease activity decreases protein capacity to precipitate grape tannins.	30 g/ton of EnartisZym COLOR PLUS
YEAST INOCULATION	At the first stage of alcoholic fermentation, anthocyanins are extracted much faster than tannins. To encourage the stabilization of anthocyanins via co-pigmentation and condensation, increase the concentration of grape tannin and use mannoproteins.	Co-pigmentation: 150 g/ton of EnartisTan XC
		Condensation: 200 g/ton of EnartisTan COLOR or EnartisTan V
		Condensation & co-pigmentation: 250-400 g/ton of EnartisPro TINTO
AFTER AF, BEFORE MLF	At this stage, short macro-oxygenation encourages the formation of stable color compounds produced by condensation between free anthocyanins and tannins through acetaldehyde bridges.	10 g/hL EnartisTan E

WHAT DOES A SACRIFICIAL TANNIN DO?

When grapes are crushed, proteins are released, bound to tannins and precipitated. The first tannins released in wine and lost by precipitating with proteins are skin tannins, the most interesting tannins for future wine structure and mouthfeel. "Sacrificial" tannins are added to crushed grapes in order to bind with grape proteins and precipitate instead of freshly extracted skin tannins.

WHY IS CO-PIGMENTATION IMPORTANT?

Co-pigmentation protects pigments from oxidation during the early stages of winemaking and limits color loss. Furthermore, it improves anthocyanins solubilization in hydroalcoholic environment.

CAN I USE TANNINS IN WHITE MUSTS AND WINES?

In white musts, the addition of tannin prevents the formation of off-odors, improves clarification and antioxidant protection, inhibits laccase produced by Botrytis. Tannins can be used in white wines to improve their structure, softness and antioxidant protection.



Inspiring innovation.

POLYSACCHARIDES

Every day, more is known about the contribution made by polysaccharides to the stability and quality of wine. Many winemakers have adopted techniques such as pre-fermentation cold maceration, the use of macerating enzymes and sur lies ageing, to enhance the content of polysaccharides and help make wines with better sensory characteristics and stability. Unfortunately, factors such as time constraints, lack of tank space or off-aromas in the lees can make these practices impossible. For those who cannot make use of the polysaccharides naturally contained in their own lees and grapes, Enartis offers EnartisPRO and SURLI, polysaccharides preparations for fermentation and wine maturation.

POLYSACCHARIDES FOR THE FERMENTATION STAGE

EnartisPro R

A pure inactivated yeast. When used during the fermentation of white and red grapes, it contributes large quantities of mannoproteins that help improve the sensation of volume. In the case of red wines, it also softens astringency and improves color stability.

Application: enhance volume; soften astringency; improve color stability

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

EnartisPro UNO

Fermentation adjuvant containing yeast hulls rich in readily-soluble mannoproteins. When added at inoculation, the mannoproteins quickly bond with anthocyanins and aromatic molecules protecting them from oxidation and precipitation. The addition of EnartisPro UNO produces wines that are more stable, with young, intense and fresh color, greater aromatic persistence, and larger volume and softness in the mouth.

Application: red, white and rosé juice; improve wine overall quality and stability

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg



EnartisPro UNO is a vital component of building a wine and keeping it fresh. By adding EnartisPro UNO, it helps to build the mouthfeel, keep the color young and vibrant. We have also found that EnartisPro UNO helps to keep the cultivar expression much longer.

Pieter-Niel Rossouw, Head Winemaker at Darling Cellars, South Africa

EnartisPro BLANCO

Fermentation adjuvant made of inactivated yeast rich in readily soluble mannoproteins and sulfur amino acids with antioxidant activity. When added at inoculation, mannoproteins quickly bond with anthocyanins and aromatic molecules protecting them from oxidation and precipitation. The addition of EnartisPro BLANCO produces wines that are more stable and with young, intense and fresh color. The addition of sulfur amino acids stimulates the production of thiols by specific yeast strains such as EnartisFerm AROMA WHITE, ES181, Q9 and ES488.

Application: enhance volume; increase fruity and spicy aroma; improve wine overall stability

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisPro TINTO

A fermentation coadjunct which is a mixture of yeast hulls high in soluble mannoproteins, grape seed tannins and ellagitannins. It is specifically designed to favor the condensation of anthocyanins/tannins during the fermentation of red grapes. Wines treated with EnartisPro TINTO have vibrant color, more intense and persistent fruit aromas and are softer and better balanced. Particularly recommended for the production of grand red wines.

Application: color stability; fruit aromas; softness; improved balance and complexity

Dosage: 150-400 g/ton

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisPro XP

It is a blend of PVI-PVP and inactivated yeast rich in immediately available mannoproteins. Due to its high capability in binding metals, it reduces the activity of oxidases (tyrosinase and laccase) by blocking copper. Consequently, wine is richer in aromatic compounds, presents a fresher color and is more resistant to oxidation and ageing. EnartisPro XP is recommended for the protection of aromas and aromatic precursors of non-thiolic varieties allowing for the full expression of the varietal characteristics.

Application: enhance aroma; antioxidant protection; extension of wine shelf life

Dosage: 30-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

EnartisPro FT

EnartisPro FT (Free Thiols) is a blend of PVI-PVP and inactivated yeast rich in immediately available mannoproteins and sulfur-containing amino acids. Because of its high capacity for removing metals, it reduces the activity of oxidases (tyrosinase and laccase) by blocking copper. Consequently, wine is richer in aromatic compounds, presents a fresher color and is more resistant to oxidation and ageing. It is recommended in the vinification of thiolic varieties which protects the varietal aroma and promotes the synthesis of new thiols.

Application: enhance thiols; antioxidant protection; extension of wine shelf life

Dosage: 30-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg



EnartisPro FT has been a revelation in ensuring wines that are aromatic with a full mouthfeel. In conjunction with Q CITRUS, EnartisPro FT allows for the assured production of high quality aromatic white wines. A combination that is extremely effective on Sauvignon Blanc, Chenin Blanc and Colombard. Rianco Van Rooyen - Senior Winemaker at Robertson Winery, South Africa

POLYSACCHARIDES FOR THE MATURATION STAGE

SURLÌ ONE

A complex made of a yeast derivative that has been enzymatically activated. It can be used as an alternative to or in synergy with fine lees produced during fermentation. It contributes to protein, tartrate and polyphenol stabilization. It enhances the sensation of volume, softens the astringency and contributes to better aromatic complexity and longevity. In red and rosé wines, it promotes color stabilization via co-pigmentation.

Application: *sur lie ageing; improve overall wine quality and stability*

Dosage: 20-50 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg



SURLÌ ONE was a game changer for my 2015 Merlot. It improved the mouthfeel, filled-up the mid-palate, and increased the overall perception of roundness and length of the wine.
Bénédicte Rhyne, Winemaker at Kuhlman Cellars - Canada

SURLÌ ROUND

Combination of a yeast derivative and condensed and ellagic tannins, specific for red and rosé wines. It assures better color stability and enhances wine structure, balance and aromatic complexity.

Application: *sur lie ageing of red and rosé wines; color stability; enhance structure*

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg

SURLÌ ELEVAGE

Yeast derivative with a high content of free and immediately available mannoproteins. It has an instant effect and can be successfully used with only 24-48 hours contact time. Wines treated with SURLÌ ELEVAGE are soft on the palate, age well and are chemically stable. Moreover, aromatic cleanliness is improved while preserving the original fruit characteristics.

Application: *sur lie ageing; pre-bottling; improve mouthfeel*

Dosage: 5-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

SURLÌ VITIS

Completely soluble, SURLÌ VITIS provides plant polysaccharides and white grape skin tannin. When used at the recommended dosage, it is filterable and can be added to wine just before microfiltration for improving its organoleptic quality and stability. In particular, SURLÌ VITIS is very effective for enhancing softness, volume, structure and perceived sweetness along with the reduction of bitter sensations and acidity. Moreover, it increases the antioxidant properties of wine.

Application: *improve overall wine quality and stability prior to bottling*

Dosage: 2-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

SURLÌ VELVET

Yeast mannoproteins complex designed to increase aromatic intensity and improve stabilization in wine. SURLÌ VELVET increases the colloidal structure and enhances sensory characteristics including aromatic complexity, volume, and reduced astringency.

Application: *improve overall wine quality and stability prior to bottling*

Dosage: 0.5-10 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

CITROGUM PLUS

Solution of Arabic Gum Seyal and mannoproteins, Citrogum Plus has the ability to increase the sweet sensation without adding fermentable sugars.

Application: *increase sweetness*

Dosage: 100-300 mL/hL

Packaging: 25 kg

HOW TO CHOOSE THE PROPER SURLÌ

In order to determine which SURLÌ to use and the appropriate dosage, it is possible to use the following rapid taste test. Rehydrate 1 gram of SURLÌ in 50 mL of water at 38°C for 2 hours. Meanwhile, prepare 50 mL of solution with 13 mL alcohol 95% and 37 mL water. At the completion of the 2 hours, add the 50 mL of solution to the suspension and let it cool at room temperature with periodic mixing. The final solution must be kept at a temperature of at least 20°C and mixed two or three times daily for at least three days. The solution is now ready to add directly to wine being treated knowing that 1 mL in 100 mL of wine corresponds to a dose of 10 grams of SURLÌ per 100 L.

N.B.: SURLÌ ELEVAGE, SURLÌ VITIS and SURLÌ VELVET can simply be dissolved in a water solution containing 13% alcohol (1 g of SURLÌ in 100 mL of water solution) and can be used immediately. Citrogum Plus can be used as it is.

WHAT IS PVI-PVP?

PVI-PVP is an adsorbent co-polymer (polyvinylimidazole and polyvinylpyrrolidone) capable of removing heavy metals in wine such as copper (Cu), iron (Fe) and aluminum (Al). Also, PVI-PVP has the ability to bind with phenolic compounds, the substrates of oxidative reactions. Wines treated with PVI-PVP are fresher, more aromatic, more balanced, have a lower oxidation potential and improved shelf life.

		Composition	Main effect	Antiox protection	Aroma enhancement	Mouthfeel improvement	Softness improvement	Anti-ageing effect
Fermentation	EnartisPro R	Yeast derivative	Softness	●	●	●●	●●	●
	EnartisPro Uno	Yeast cell walls	Softness and mouthfeel	●	●	●●●	●●●	●
	EnartisPro Blanco	Yeast derivative	Enhance thiol production Softness and mouthfeel	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●
	EnartisPro Tinto	Yeast cell walls Grape seed tannins Ellagic tannins	Softness and mouthfeel Color stabilization	●●	●●	●●●	●●●	●●
	EnartisPro XP	Yeast derivative PVI-PVP	Softness and mouthfeel Anti-ageing	●●●●	●	●●	●●●	●●●
	EnartisPro FT	Yeast derivative PVI-PVP	Enhance thiol production Softness and mouthfeel Anti-ageing	●●●●	●●●	●●	●●●	●●●
Maturation	Surli One	Yeast derivative enzymatically treated	Mouthfeel and antioxidant protection	●●	●	●●●	●●●	●●
	Surli Round	Yeast derivative Condensed tannin Ellagic tannin	Mouthfeel and antioxidant protection	●●●	●	●●●	●●	●●
	Surli Elevage	Yeast cell walls	Softness and mouthfeel	●●	●	●●●●	●●●●	●
Pre-Bottling	Surli Vitis	Grape skin tannin Plant polysaccharides	Mouthfeel and aroma enhancement	●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●
	Surli Velvet	Mannoproteins	Softness and mouthfeel Improve overall stability	●	●	●●●●	●●●●	
	Citrogum Plus	Gum Arabic Mannoproteins	Sweetness and mouthfeel	●	●	●●●●	●	



Inspiring innovation.

MALOLACTIC FERMENTATION

Malolactic fermentation is often considered as the simple process of converting malic acid into lactic acid made by bacteria of the species *Oenococcus oeni*. In fact, using the right strain, malolactic fermentation represents the last opportunity to reduce herbaceous notes, enhance the fruit aroma, increase aromatic complexity and improve the balance and the structure of the wine. Enartis offers a range of bacteria and nutrients suitable for ensuring successful fermentation even in the most difficult conditions.

EnartisML MCW

Very robust strain of *Oenococcus*, capable of fermenting in very difficult conditions (pH > 3; temperature < 14°C; alcohol up to 15.5 %). In white wine, it can be used to develop creamy and buttery notes.

Application: sequential inoculation; co-inoculation; very difficult conditions; increase creamy notes

Dosage: package designed for volumes 2.5 hL, 25 hL, 250 hL

EnartisML SILVER

Selected strain of *Oenococcus oeni*, EnartisML SILVER assures the progress of malolactic fermentation under very difficult conditions due to high alcohol and polyphenol content, low pH. It enhances the aromatic fruitiness and complexity and respects the color intensity of red wines. Alcohol tolerance > 15%; pH tolerance > 3.1.

Application: sequential inoculation; co-inoculation; very difficult conditions; increase fruitiness

Dosage: package designed for volumes 2.5 hL, 25 hL, 250 hL

EnartisML UNO

This strain of *Oenococcus oeni* guarantees a quick and complete malolactic fermentation. It respects wine color intensity and aromatic cleanliness and fruitiness and produces negligible quantity of biogenic amines. Alcohol tolerance < 15%; pH tolerance > 3.3.

Application: sequential inoculation; co-inoculation; respect wine aroma

Dosage: package designed for volumes 2.5 hL, 25 hL, 250 hL

NUTRIFERM ML

NUTRIFERM ML is a nutrient specific for malolactic bacteria. Increasing nutrients in wine stimulates the growth of bacteria at inoculation and improves cell division. NUTRIFERM ML provides polysaccharides, amino acids, co-factors and vitamins. The cellulose contained in the preparation acts as a support for bacteria cells and absorbs compounds that may inhibit cell growth. The combined effect of NUTRIFERM ML's components ensures the domination of the inoculated strain over natural flora and dramatically reduces the length of malolactic fermentation. It's particularly recommended to promote malolactic fermentation in difficult wines.

Application: nutrition for malolactic bacteria

Dosage: 20-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

NUTRIFERM OSMOBACTI

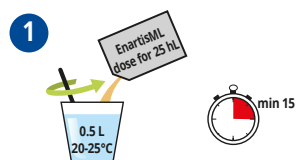
Nutrient and regulator of osmotic pressure, NUTRIFERM OSMOBACTI helps selected malolactic bacteria survive in difficult wine conditions. When used at the end of the rehydration phase and prior to inoculation, Osmobacti increases the rate of surviving cells thus allowing a more rapid start and faster conclusion of malolactic fermentation.

Application: nutrition for selected malolactic bacteria

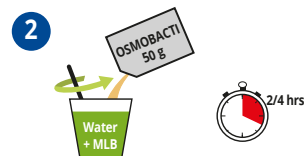
Dosage: 50 g for each 25 hL dose of bacteria

Packaging: 100 g

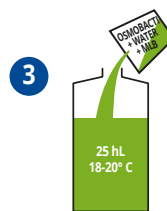
PROTOCOL FOR ML BACTERIA PREPARATION AND INOCULATION - 25 hL



Rehydrate 25 hL package of EnartisML bacteria in 500 mL of chlorine-free water at 20-25°C. Stir gently and wait 15 minutes.



Add NUTRIFERM OSMOBACTI to the EnartisML bacteria slurry in order to improve survival rate and activate EnartisML bacteria. Stir gently and let stand for 4 hours at 18-20°C.



Stir the suspension gently and add to wine during pump-over or mixing.

KNOW MORE ABOUT ML BACTERIA

WHAT ARE THE PRINCIPAL FACTORS INFLUENCING THE DEVELOPMENT OF MALOLACTIC BACTERIA?

pH, temperature, alcohol and SO₂ (Free and Total) have a negative synergistic effect, making the completion of MLF difficult when combined. Additionally, vineyard sprays, initial malic acid content, yeast strain used for alcoholic fermentation and wine polyphenol content can be stress factors. Problems can arise when pH is low (<3.4), alcohol is high (>14.5%), wine temperature is low (<18°C) or high (>30°C), total SO₂ is high (>30 mg/L) and/or free SO₂ is high (>10 mg/L).

HOW TO CHOOSE WHICH ML BACTERIA STRAIN TO USE

Each strain of bacteria performs best within specific environmental parameters. It is very important to know wine characteristics prior to inoculating with *Oenococcus oeni*.

DOES THE YEAST STRAIN USED FOR ALCOHOLIC FERMENTATION AFFECT MLF?

Yes. Some yeast strains can inhibit malolactic bacteria development. Additionally, yeast strains differ in nutrient demand, SO₂ production and rate of autolysis which has an effect on the bacteria.

WHAT ARE THE RISKS OF A SPONTANEOUS MLF?

Uncontrolled, spontaneous MLF can result in masked aromas and production of off-characters such as yogurt, rancid, sweat, burnt matches or even rotten fruit. Another undesirable consequence of spontaneous growth is the production of biogenic amines (associated with off-aromas and regulated by some countries). Inoculating with selected *Oenococcus oeni* ensures a rapid onset of MLF and better control over the production of aromas and wine mouthfeel.

WHAT NUTRIENTS DO ML BACTERIA NEED?

As with any microorganisms, *Oenococcus oeni* need specific nutrients and growth factors to develop healthy cells and conduct and complete the malolactic conversion. Bacteria require the presence of several amino acids, peptides, vitamins and minerals. Nutriferm ML is a nutrient designed to meet *Oenococcus oeni* needs.

WHAT ABOUT OXYGEN AND LAB?

Molecular oxygen stimulates the growth of some malolactic bacteria, behaving as a growth factor just as in the case of yeast. However, if too much oxygen is applied, acetic acid may be produced.

HOW TO MONITOR MLF?

The most common way to monitor MLF is by tracking malic acid degradation. MLF is considered complete when malic acid is below 30 mg/100 mL.

WHAT ABOUT THE PRODUCTION OF DIACETYL?

Produced by malolactic bacteria, this compound has a nice, characteristic buttery note at low concentrations and can become buttered popcorn and rancid taint at high concentration (> 4 mg/L).

Diacetyl is formed from pyruvate, which comes from acid and sugar catabolism. The entire winemaking process impacts the production of diacetyl: a slower MLF speed (with low inoculation rate and/or low temperature) and slightly oxidative environment will increase diacetyl production, while yeast lees contact will break down diacetyl in an irreversible way, thus reducing its content in wine.

CAN I SAVE SOME OF THE BACTERIA TO USE LATER?

No. Once the packet of bacteria is open, it must be used immediately. Exposure to oxygen and excess moisture can be detrimental to the survival of the bacteria.



Inspiring innovation.

OAK ALTERNATIVES

If properly dosed, the use of oak alternatives allows to improve wine aroma and taste in a way that makes it pleasing to the international and "new" consumers market.

Enartis offers a diverse portfolio of oak chips and soluble alternatives to meet all wine needs and expectations. With Incanto oak alternatives, winemakers have ultimate control over their oak program and can create a unique signature for their brand or label.

Produced from selected wood of French and American oak, Incanto woods are toasted using a unique and original process that employs a progressive heating scheme which results in a deep and homogenous toast. The Incanto alternatives are available as

INCANTO CHIPS

Size: 2-4 mm

Dosage: 1-4 g/L white wines; 1-6 g/L red wines

Contact time: minimum of 4 weeks

Packaging: 10 kg

INCANTO NATURAL

Composition: French oak, untoasted.

Aroma: enhances fruit, vanilla, coconut, cedar and freshness. Preserves aromatic characteristics of wine.

Taste: increases wine structure, volume and smoothness, and improves balance and finesse.

Available form: chips

INCANTO CREAM

Composition: French oak, medium-toasted.

Aroma: vanilla, coconut, butter, cappuccino, licorice.

Taste: increases smoothness, volume and sweetness without imparting excessive tannins.

Available form: chips

INCANTO VANILLA

Composition: American oak, medium-toasted.

Aroma: vanilla, coconut, Bourbon, honey, tropical fruit, hazelnut, toasted almond, butter.

Taste: increases smoothness, volume and freshness without imparting excessive tannins.

Available form: chips

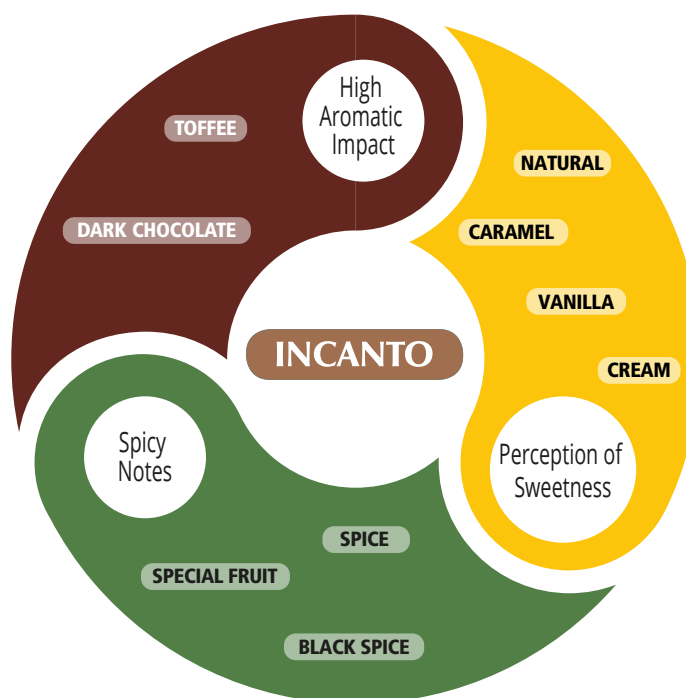
INCANTO CARAMEL

Composition: French oak, medium-toasted.

Aroma: caramel, cappuccino, toasted sugar, butter, almond, toasted hazelnut, vanilla, light spice.

Taste: increases smoothness and sweetness.

Available form: chips



INCANTO SPECIAL FRUIT

Composition: French oak, medium-toasted.

Aroma: spicy, black pepper, caramel, licorice, vanilla, coconut notes. Enhances freshness, fruitiness and complexity.

Taste: increases smoothness, volume and structure without imparting excessive tannins.

Available form: chips

INCANTO SPICE

Composition: French and American oak, various toast levels.

Aroma: very complex and intense spice aroma.

Taste: increases smoothness and structure.

Available form: chips

INCANTO BLACK SPICE

Composition: French oak, heavy toasted.

Aroma: licorice, spices.

Taste: increases smoothness and structure.

Available form: chips

INCANTO TOFFEE

Composition: French oak, medium-plus toast.

Aroma: café macchiato, toasted bread, toasted almond, hazelnut, vanilla, apricot.

Taste: very smooth, sweet and complex.

Available form: chips

INCANTO DARK CHOCOLATE

Composition: French oak, medium plus toast.

Aroma: dark chocolate, cocoa, black coffee, toasted almond, toasted hazelnut, licorice.

Taste: increases volume, structure and tannins.

Available form: chips

INCANTO NC: THE ALTERNATIVES TO OAK ALTERNATIVES

Why Incanto NC?

The Incanto NC products are completely soluble formulations containing just the active molecules that make oak powder application during fermentation of interest:

- Tannins for antioxidant protection, color stabilization and enhancement of the structure.
- Polysaccharides, that increase volume sensations, soften wine tannins, stabilize color and indirectly protect aromas from oxidation.
- Aromatic substances, derived from wood and toasting, that bring aromatic complexity to the final wine.

Application of Incanto NC:

- increase aromatic complexity
- highlight fruit and floral notes
- prevent reduction during fermentation
- minimize herbaceous notes in underripe grapes
- improve color stabilization
- increase volume and structure

Why use the Incanto NC range?

Incanto NC products can offer the efficacy of oak powder while offering some advantages:

- precise dosages
- consistent quality
- no burnt or green wood notes
- no solids that can damage the mechanical parts of harvest machinery or render cleaning difficult
- no antimicrobial contamination
- ease of use for the winery staff
- zero loss of color by solids absorption
- low dosage

Because Incanto NC products just contain the active molecules that can be extracted from wood, dosages are 10 times smaller than the usual oak powder ones. This makes the job of winery staff easier and reduces wastage.

INCANTO NC WHITE
White Fruit

INCANTO NC CHERRY
Red Fruit

INCANTO NC
Vanilla

INCANTO NC RED
Toasted Nuts

INCANTO NC
DARK CHOCOLATE
Cocoa

INCANTO NC WHITE

INCANTO NC WHITE is composed of oak and acacia tannins and yeast derivative. It can be used during wine fermentation to mimic the effect of untoasted oak powder or chips. INCANTO NC WHITE protects juice from oxidation and prevents the appearance of reductive odors. Additionally, it provides light notes of flower and vanilla, increases the flavor of fresh fruit and enhances softness and volume.

Application: untoasted oak; increase fruit aroma; reduce green notes; increase volume and structure

Dosage: 5-30 g/hL for white must; 10-50 g/hL for rosé and red must

Packaging: 10 kg

INCANTO NC

Soluble powder, superior to typical oak alternatives for the fermentation of white and red grapes. It can be used to mimic the effect of medium-toasted oak powder. INCANTO NC enhances oak aromas and aromatic complexity, increases roundness, structure and balance and helps color stability.

Application: medium-toasted oak; color stability; complexity; volume and structure

Dosage: 20-50 g/hL for red must; 5-30 g/hL for white juice

Packaging: 10 kg

INCANTO NC RED

Soluble mixture of toasted oak tannin and yeast derivative that can be used to mimic the effect of medium-plus toasted oak powder or chips. INCANTO NC RED decreases green aromas of unripe grapes, prevents reduction and increases color stability. Its use provides notes of toasted oak and increases structure, volume and the sensation of sweetness.

Application: medium-plus toasted oak; reduce herbaceous notes; complexity; increase volume and structure

Dosage: 20-50 g/hL for red must.

Packaging: 10 kg

INCANTO NC CHERRY

Soluble mixture of toasted oak tannin, cherry tree wood tannin, yeast derivative rich in polysaccharide and antioxidant sulfur peptides. INCANTO NC CHERRY promotes color stabilization, prevents oxidation, enhances fresh red fruit notes and increases wine volume, structure and length.

Application: fruity and spicy aromas; color stability; antioxidant; complexity; increase volume and structure; freshen overripe fruit

Dosage: 5-15 g/hL for rosé must; 10-50 g/hL for red must

Packaging: 10 kg

INCANTO NC DARK CHOCOLATE

Soluble mixture of tannin extracted from heavy-toasted oak and yeast derivative rich in polysaccharides that mimics the effect of French, heavy-toast oak powder. It enhances toasted oak aromas and aromatic complexity while masking the herbaceous notes from unripe grapes. It increases volume, structure balance and favors color stability.

Application: heavy-toasted oak; reduce herbaceous notes; color stability; complexity; volume and structure

Dosage: 20-50 g/hL

Packaging: 10 kg



I have been using the INCANTO NC range on all red wine fermentation tanks since 2009. Sometimes with oak chips and other times with tannin. INCANTO is, for me, a perfect balance between a tannin and an oak powder. I believe it contributes greatly to mouthfeel, colour intensity and stability.
Alicia Rechner, Winemaker at Backsberg Estate Cellars, Paarl, South Africa

KNOW MORE ABOUT OAK AGEING

WHAT DOES OAK BARREL AGEING DO TO MY WINE?

There are two main reactions that happen during oak ageing: the extraction of oak compounds and oxygen diffusion. During oak ageing, wine aroma complexity increases, color stability is enhanced, astringency is reduced, and overall structure becomes softer.

WHY THERE IS SO MUCH VARIATION IN OAK AROMAS?

There are many causes of variation and many of them interact to form a wide array of potential aroma profiles.

- Source of the oak: oak species, geographic origin, growing conditions and age can strongly affect wood structure and composition.
- Staves position on a trunk has been shown to influence its aroma composition.
- Staves seasoning and drying: Kiln drying or air drying, time, humidity...
- Cooperage processes add a considerable layer of variability.

WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF TOASTING?

Toasting oak during barrel processing modifies the structure and chemical properties of wood. Increasing temperature and length of toasting will:

- Reduce oak lactone content that contributes to "fresh oak" and coconut aromas.
- Increase "vanilla", "caramel-like" and "roasted coffee" aromas associated with vanillin, furfural, 4-methylfurfural and maltol. At heavy toast levels these compounds decrease and are replaced by "spicy" (eugenol, isoeugenol, 4-methylguaiacol) and "smoky" characters (4-methylguaiacol, guaiacol, 2-methylphenol).

WHY USE BARREL ALTERNATIVES?

- Cost is the most common reason of using barrel alternatives. Using barrel alternatives reduces 'oak' investment (at least 10 times lower), cellar work, storage space and microbiological risks.
- Timing can be reduced. Contact time: 4-6 months for the Enartis Incanto Barrel Boost and ministaves and 4 weeks for Enartis Incanto Chips.
- Consistent and qualitative product for enological expectations and requirements.

HOW TO FIND THE RIGHT OAK ALTERNATIVE?

Define the targeted wine profile, the time available for ageing and the budget. Enartis offers trial kits containing small bags of oak chips to soak in wine for 3 weeks to run bench trials to help find the right product or blend for you.

WHAT ABOUT STORAGE AND REUSE OF OAK ALTERNATIVES?

Oak alternatives should be treated with care and stored in a clean, dry warehouse in its original packaging. Reuse is not recommended: the extraction and result will be different and risk microbial contamination.

Oak Chip Trials

A WIDE RANGE OF OAK ALTERNATIVES

The extraction of oak compounds (oak aromas, polyphenols, polysaccharides,...) as well as the sensory impact on wine depends on many variables including the physiochemical characteristics of wine (pH, alcohol, titratable acidity, volatile acidity and SO₂), wine buffer capacity, storage temperature, contact time, etc.

When deciding which oak chips to use, we always recommend setting up trials. This way, winemakers can base their oak derivatives decision on accurate data and tasting.

Trial Set-Up:

- Use a 1.5 L wine bag or 750 ml bottle.
- Weigh the selected oak chips (dosages recommended for trials = 2-5 g/L).
- Add chips to bag or bottle.
- Write the date, wine lot, oak chips name and dosage on the label. Also prepare a control sample, without oak chips.
- Fill bag/bottle with wine. Be cautious of the oxygen input during filling and head space. We suggest an addition of 5 ppm SO₂ at filling to protect wine against oxidation.
- Taste after three weeks of soaking.



Inspiring innovation.

MICRO- OXYGENATION

Oxygen is an important ingredient in the production of wine. When added without control, it can cause major problems; however, if used properly, it becomes an important tool in the production of quality wines and for different wine styles intended to meet specific needs of the market.

MICROOX

MICROOX is an oxygen doser for micro and macro oxygenation that accurately measures the effective flow rate in weight (mg/L) of oxygen delivered. MICROOX ensures a linear and constant dose of oxygen. Compared to other systems available on the market, MICROOX doesn't have a dosing chamber, but rather contains a high accuracy sensor that measures the oxygen flow rate in real time. A microprocessor with dedicated software makes required calculations in order to maintain the oxygen flow rate at the desired value, automatically adjusting the dosing rate at every variation of the outlet pressure. Oxygen is delivered at the minimum pressure required in order to minimize the size of the bubbles to increase their solubility in wine. MicroOx is available in the standard version with 1, 2, 5 or 10 dosing points. Upon request, customized systems can be manufactured.

Application: *micro-oxygenation; macro-oxygenation; mimic racking or delestage*

MICROOX PERLAGE

MICROOX version specifically developed to dose oxygen during secondary fermentation in pressure vessels for the production of sparkling wines. MICROOX PERLAGE operates with a maximum delivery pressure of 9.5 bar. It can be used at every step during the production of sparkling wines: during the first fermentation and early stages of "prise de mousse" to ensure more regular and complete fermentation kinetics; during the preparation of the "pied de cuve" to stimulate yeast cell multiplication and increase alcohol tolerance; and at completion of secondary fermentation to prevent and resolve reduction problems. MICROOX PERLAGE is available in the standard version with 1, 2, 5 or 10 dosing points. Upon request, customized systems can be manufactured.

Application: *Micro-oxygenation and macro-oxygenation during secondary fermentation in pressure vessels*

The logo for enartis, featuring the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red semi-circle is positioned above the letter "a".

enartis

Inspiring innovation.

FINING AGENTS

Fining agents can be used for many purposes in winemaking including clarification, filterability improvement, prevention of haze and sediment formation, organoleptic profile and wine color improvement, and removal of undesirable elements from wine.

VEGAN FRIENDLY FINING AGENTS

Enartis has developed a line of fining agents free from animal proteins, suitable for vegetarian and vegan wines.

PLANTIS AF

A pure, allergen-free pea protein. Plantis AF allows juice and wine clarification while producing a small volume of lees. It reduces wine sensitiveness to oxidation by removing iron, catechins and short chain-length polyphenols. Recommended for flotation.

Application: allergen-free; vegan; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking; reduce bitterness

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

PLANTIS AF-L

Pure pea protein in liquid solution stabilized with SO₂. Plantis AF-L improves juice and wine clarity whilst producing small volume of lees and increases wine resistance to oxidation by removing iron and catechins. The liquid form makes it suitable for the addition with dosing pumps.

Application: vegan; flotation; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking; reduce bitterness

Dosage: 20-80 mL/hL

Packaging: 20 kg



PLANTIS AF exceeded my expectations! It had an amazing effect on our wine's overall appearance and palette. The colour of the white wine improved and amazing fining effect on impurities. I will defiantly recommend this product to other winemakers in the industry. At Boland Cellar we are more than happy with Enartis's service and business ethics - it is excellent.

Monique de Villiers, Winemaker at Boland Kelder - South Africa

PLANTIS AF-P

A pure, gluten-free potato protein, Plantis AF-P has the ability to remove catechins and short-chain-length polyphenols which are responsible for oxidation and the onset of bitterness. It can be used in juice and wine clarification, also for juice flotation.

Application: vegan; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking; reduce bitterness

Dosage: 10-30 g/hL in juice; 5-20 g/hL in wine

Packaging: 1 kg - 12.5 kg

PLANTIS AF-Q

Preparation made of pea protein and activated chitosan. It assures a nice clarification while forming small, compact lees, especially when used in flotation. At the same time, it improves juice and wine resistance to oxidation by removing pro-oxidant metals and low molecular weight polyphenols.

Application: allergen-free; vegan; flotation; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking

Dosage: 5-30 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

CLARIL AF

A blend containing bentonite, PVPP, pea protein and silica. CLARIL AF is recommended for the elimination of phenolic compounds responsible for oxidation and bitterness. The presence of bentonite in the formulation increases protein stability and guarantees good clarification. It can be used as an allergen-free alternative to potassium caseinate.

Application: allergen-free; vegan; clarification of must and wine; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking; alternative to potassium caseinate

Dosage: 50-150 g/hL in juice; 30-80 g/hL in wine

Packaging: 10 kg

CLARIL QY

Allergen and animal-free fining agent, CLARIL QY is a complex made of yeast derivative and chitosan. It can be used for the clarification of any kind of wine. In reds, it reduces astringency and bitterness, improves clarity and removes unstable color. In whites, it improves the balance and reduces bitterness without affecting the structure.

Application: allergen-free; vegan; clarification; soften astringency; reduce bitterness; elimination of unstable color

Dosage: 5-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

COMBISTAB AF

A complex containing PVPP, pea protein and silica. It is highly effective in the prevention and treatment of oxidation, pinking and the reduction of bitterness. Suitable for both wine and juice clarification. It can be used as an allergen-free alternative to potassium caseinate.

Application: *allergen-free; vegan; prevent and treat oxidation and pinking; reduce bitterness; alternative to potassium caseinate*

Dosage: 10-50 g/hL

Packaging: 10 kg

PLANTIS PQ

NEW

PLANTIS PQ is an allergen free and vegan friendly fining agent made of potato protein and chitosan. It is effective in improving wine clarification, filterability, aromatic cleanliness and in removing oxidized and oxidable compounds. In red wine, it reduces the perception of astringency and dryness while respecting balance and structure.

Application: *wine clarification; treatment of wine oxidized or sensitive to oxidation*

Dosage: 4-10 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

GELATIN

ATOCLAR M

An atomized food-grade gelatin easily soluble in cold water. It is ideal for softening pressed wines and young red wines that have excessive astringency at the front of the palate.

Application: *reduce astringency; press wine; clarification; flotation*

Dosage: 2-4 g/hL in white wines; 8-15 g/hL in red wines

Packaging: 20 kg

HYDROCLAR 45

A 45% liquid solution of food grade gelatin. This extremely hydrolyzed gelatin has a powerful tannin reducing effect. It is highly effective in removing undesirable tannins at the front of the palate and is therefore particularly suitable for softening pressed and young red wines.

Application: *reduce astringency; press wine; clarification; flotation*

Dosage: 10-40 mL/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

GOLDENCLAR INSTANT

GOLDENCLAR INSTANT is a high molecular-weight, granulated food-grade gelatin for the clarification of high-quality wine and juice. Because of the pre-hydration process utilized during its production, it can quickly be dissolved in room temperature water. It reduces astringency and improves clarity and filterability in both red and white wines without affecting structure. GOLDENCLAR INSTANT is an ideal alternative to egg albumin.

Application: *clarification; softening of medium-long aged red wines; alternative to albumin*

Dosage: 2-10 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisGreen GELATINA



Pure hot soluble gelatin, certified organic in accordance with European Regulation [Reg. (EC) N° 834/2007 and Reg. (EC) N° 889/2008]. It has a great cleaning capacity while respecting wine structure. Recommended for high-quality wine and juice clarification.

Application: *clarification*

Dosage: 5-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

PULVICLAR S

PULVICLAR S is an ultra-pure, food grade, warm soluble, granulated gelatin characterized by high molecular weight and high charge density. In wine and juice, PULVICLAR S is a very effective clarifier, among the best for flotation. In quality red wines, it improves balance by eliminating excess astringency at the end of the palate without reducing structure.

Application: *clarification; flotation; medium-long aged red wines; alternative to albumin*

Dosage: 4-15 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 20 kg

BLENDING CONTAINING ANIMAL PROTEINS

NEOCLAR AF

A blend of bentonite, gelatin and activated carbon, it can be used to treat white, rosé and red wines as well as juice. NEOCLAR AF ensures fast and thorough clarification with a minimal volume of lees. The combination of several organic clarifiers improves the organoleptic features of wine, while the bentonite ensures proper protein stability. It gives red wines remarkable stability without affecting color. Particularly effective in reducing herbaceous characters, it also improves filterability.

Application: clarification; pressed juice; elimination of off-flavors and herbaceous note

Dosage: 100-150 g/hL in juice; 40-100 g/hL in wine

Packaging: 25 kg



NEOCLAR AF has had an incredible impact on the quality of my press juices. It gives me the ability to have a higher fraction. A grade juices and therefor maximize profits on our white wines.

Albertus Louw, Cellar Master at Perdeberg Group, South Africa

CARBONS

BLACK PF

Enological activated carbon in damp form. Highly effective in decolorizing wines and juice and in removing ochratoxin A (OTA). The controlled moisture present in BLACK PF greatly reduces the spread of carbon dust in the atmosphere and makes it easier to use.

Application: decolorizing must and white wine; treat oxidation; reduce ochratoxin A

Dosage: 20-100 g/hL

Packaging: 15 kg

ENOBLOCK PERLAGE

Compact pellet form decolorizing carbon, ENOBLOCK PERLAGE is for must and wine discoloration. The pellet form makes it easy to use and to rehydrate without dust.

Application: discoloration of juices and wines; cure of oxidation

Dosage: 5-100 g/hL

Packaging: 15 kg

INORGANIC FINING AGENTS

PHARMABENT

Bentonite of pharmaceutical quality. Thanks to its large surface, it is particularly effective in removing unstable protein also of lower molecular weight, and the unstable color. This helps reduce the dosage and minimize the impact on wine aroma and flavor.

Application: protein stabilization; removal of unstable color; clarification; prevent "light-struck" defect

Dosage: 5-40 g/hL

Packaging: 25 kg

PLUXCOMPACT

A bentonite obtained by a special procedure. Its activation rate is designed to obtain a bentonite that combines excellent fining and protein removal properties with a limited volume of lees. In red wine, it is recommended to eliminate unstable color compounds and, together with Goldenclar Instant for fining before cross-flow filtration.

Application: protein stabilization; removal of unstable color; clarification; prevent "light-struck" defect

Dosage: 10-200 g/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

PLUXBENTON N

Natural sodium bentonite in granular form. Pluxbenton N is an excellent protein remover. Pluxbenton N is very effective in reducing riboflavin, the molecule responsible for the "light-struck" defect in white wines. In white and rosé wine, it can be used together with Goldenclar Instant, for white and rosé stabilization and clarification before cross-flow filtration.

Application: protein stabilization; clarification; prevent "light-struck" defect.

Dosage: 20-200 g/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

SIL FLOC

A stable pure silicon dioxide in aqueous solution. SIL FLOC contains homogeneous, negatively-charged particles of silicon dioxide. The ultra-fine size offers a large contact surface and consequently acts as a counter-fining agent with protein fining agents. Solution pH 9.0-9.5.

Application: clarification

Dosage: 25-100 mL/hL

Packaging: 25 kg

CORRECTIVE FINING AGENTS

FENOL FREE

This activated carbon is extremely effective in the correction of wines which present evident defects caused by *Brettanomyces/Dekkera*. Minimal additions are proven to significantly reduce volatile phenols, resulting in an overall improved wine aroma without affecting color. Also effective in removing compounds related to smoke taint

Application: treatment for wines contaminated with *Brettanomyces* or smoke taint; deodorizing

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 10 kg

REVELAROM

Granulated fining mixture containing copper, to be used for correcting and preventing appearance of sulfides or reductive characters. When used to treat sulfides, it immediately eliminates off aromas and flavors produced by mercaptans and H₂S thus allowing fruit elements to emerge. Because of its components, Revelarom allows the removal of the chelates formed between copper and sulfur compounds, thus preventing the reappearance of reductive notes coming from the hydrolysis of these complexes.

Application: prevent and treat reductive characters

Dosage: 5-20 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

STABYL

A pure polyvinylpyrrolidone, STABYL is highly effective in removing oxidized and oxidizable polyphenols. It is recommended to prevent and treat oxidation in all types of wine. Stabyl can also be successfully used to reduce bitterness.

Application: prevent and treat oxidation; prevent and treat pinking; reduce bitterness

Dosage: 5-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 20 kg

STABYL G

Pure polyvinylpyrrolidone in granular form for the prevention and treatment of oxidation. The granular form avoids the formation of dust and helps the dispersion in water, without forming lumps.

Application: prevent and treat oxidation; prevent and treat pinking; reduce bitterness

Dosage: 5-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 20 kg



We wanted to say thanks for the great service and friendly staff. We are very happy with all your products from yeast to stabilization. You have a great team indeed! Looking forward to many years of business to come!

Nicholas Husselman, Winemaker at Koelenhof - South Africa

STABYL MET

Copolymer of vinylimidazole and vinylpyrrolidone (PVI-PVP), silica. It prevents oxidation, browning, pinking and formation of haze by removing pro-oxidant metals like iron and copper, and hydroxycinnamic acids and catechins, the main substrate of oxidation

Application: remove heavy metals; prolong wine shelf life; prevent oxidation

Dosage: 30-50 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg

CLARIL HM

This fining agent benefits from the synergistic actions of activated chitosan and polyvinylimidazole/polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVI-PVP) to reduce the concentration of iron, copper, hydroxycinnamic acids and catechins, which are key players in the process of oxidation. Therefore, treatment with CLARIL HM allows the production of wines with a longer shelf life, more intense and persistent aroma and fresher color.

Application: prolong wine shelf life; prevent oxidation

Dosage: 30-50 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg

CLARIL ZR

NEW

- Vegan fining agent made from plant protein, chitosan and bentonite.
- CLARIL ZR is designed for the clarification of red wines meant to be tartrate stabilized with colloid addition of Zenith. It removes unstable color compounds, improves wine clarification and filterability, reduces sulfur off-flavors and makes wines with longer shelf-life.

Application: clarification of red wine intended to be tartrate stabilized with Zenith

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg - 10 kg

CLARIL ZW

NEW

- Vegan fining agent made from plant protein, chitosan and sodium activated bentonite.
- CLARIL ZW is designed for the clarification of white and rosé wines that are meant to be tartrate stabilized with colloid addition (Zenith and CMC). It is effective in improving protein stability and eliminating unstable colloids that can affect wine clarification and filterability.

Application: clarification of white and rosé wine intended to be tartrate stabilized with Zenith or CMC

Dosage: 20-80 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg - 10 kg

	ALLERGEN FREE	ALLOWED FOR ORGANIC WINE (REGULATION (EU) 2018/1561)	VEGAN FRIENDLY	KOSHER FOR PASSOVER CERTIFIED
Plantis AF	✓	✓	✓	
Plantis AF-L	SO ₂	✓	✓	
Plantis AF-P	SO ₂	✓	✓	
Plantis AF-Q	✓	✓	✓	
Claril AF	✓		✓	
Claril QY	✓	✓	✓	
Claril ZR	✓	✓	✓	
Claril ZW	✓	✓	✓	
Combistab AF	✓		✓	
Atoclar M	SO ₂	✓	meat	
Hydroclar 45	SO ₂	✓	meat	
Goldenclar Instant	SO ₂	✓	meat	
EnatrisGreen Gelatina	✓	CERTIFIED	meat	
Pulviclar S	SO ₂	✓	meat	
Neoclar AF	✓	✓	meat	
Black PF	✓	✓	✓	✓
Enoblack Perlage	✓	✓	✓	
Plantis PQ	✓	✓	✓	
Pharmabent	✓	✓	✓	
Pluxcompact	✓	✓	✓	
Pluxbenton N	✓	✓	✓	
Sil Flocc	✓	✓	✓	
Fenol Free	✓	✓	✓	✓
Revelarom	✓	✓	✓	
Stabyl	✓		✓	✓
Stabyl G	✓		✓	✓
Stabyl Met	✓		✓	
Claril HM	✓		✓	

The logo for enartis, featuring the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red semi-circle is positioned above the letter "a".

enartis

Inspiring innovation.

STABILIZING AGENTS

In today's wine market, it is crucial for wines to be visually appealing to consumers: any haze or precipitate is unacceptable and can damage brand reputation. The appropriate use of stabilizing agents ensures the production of wines that maintain their sensory characteristics up to the time of their consumption.

REFRIGERATION AGENTS

ENOCRISTAL Ca

Enocrystal Ca is a micronized calcium tartrate selected for wine calcium stabilization. It triggers the formation of calcium tartrate crystals and promotes the calcium stabilization process.

Applications: Wine calcium tartrate stabilization

Dosage: 50 g/hL

Packaging: 5 kg - 25 kg

ENOCRISTAL SUPERATTIVO

Rapid crystallizer for cold stabilization of tartrates, ENOCRISTAL SUPERATTIVO is a balanced mixture containing neutral and acid potassium tartrates and filtering aids, which accelerates potassium bitartrate crystal formation and precipitation in wines during cold treatment, without affecting wine pH.

Application: accelerate and improve cold stabilization

Dosage: 30-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 15 kg

GUM ARABIC

AROMAGUM

A liquid solution of Gum Arabic for the stabilization of wine aromas. During the production of AROMAGUM, the hydrolysis process is controlled in such a manner as to obtain a gum which is very active in intensifying the perception of wine fruit aromas and maintaining fresh characteristics for one year or more after bottling. When used at the recommended dosages, it only has a modest blocking effect on filtration membranes and can be added to wine before microfiltration.

Application: stabilize wine aromas, reduce astringency

Dosage: 50-100 mL/hL

Packaging: 10 kg - 20 kg - 1000 kg

CITROGUM

CITROGUM is a clear, almost colorless Gum Arabic preparation with a low calcium content. CITROGUM is recommended for the treatment of wines ready for bottling. It integrates the colloidal content of wine, improving its balance, organoleptic features and stability, mainly tartaric. It enhances aroma, reduces bitterness and astringency, and increases softness and body. CITROGUM's low membrane blocking capacity (it's the most filterable gum in the market!), purity and microbial stability ensure that it can be added with confidence at any stage during preparation for bottling. The sulfur dioxide in the preparation gives the product a long shelf life and enables direct addition to wine even after microfiltration without any risk of microbial contamination.

Application: tartrate stabilization; reduce astringency; soften mouthfeel

Dosage: 50-200 mL/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg - 20 kg - 200 kg - 1000 kg

CITROGUM DRY

CITROGUM DRY is the granulated form of CITROGUM. The special granulation process allows this impurity-free Gum Arabic to dissolve quickly both in water and wine without forming lumps. When dissolved, the properties of CITROGUM DRY (low calcium content, solution clarity, sensory and stabilizing characteristics, filterability) are similar to those of liquid CITROGUM. The applications are therefore the same.

Application: tartrate stabilization; reduce astringency; soften mouthfeel

Dosage: 10-100 g/hL

Packaging: 15 kg

CITROGUM PLUS

Solution of Arabic Gum Seyal and mannoproteins, CITROGUM PLUS has the ability to increase the sweet sensation without adding fermentable sugars.

Application: increase sweetness

Dosage: 100-300 mL/hL

Packaging: 20 kg

EnartisGreen GOMMA



Micro-granulated Gum Arabic produced from *Acacia Verek* and certified organic in accordance with European Regulation [Reg. (EC) N° 834/2007 and Reg. (EC) N° 889/2008]. It is very effective for color stabilization of red and rosé wines.

Application: color stabilization

Dosage: 10-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

MAXIGUM PLUS

NEW

MAXIGUM PLUS is a liquid stabilizing agent made of Gum Arabic obtained from *Acacia Verek* and mannoproteins. The gum Arabic that is part of the formulation undergoes a special filtration treatment that makes it microfilterable while preserving its stabilizing efficacy. Mannoproteins reinforce gum stabilization effect and due to their interaction with aromatic and polyphenolic compounds, soften astringency, reduce dryness and improve aroma complexity.

Application: color stabilization

Dosage: 50-100 mL/hL

Packaging: 10 kg - 20 kg

MAXIGUM

MAXIGUM is a liquid solution of Gum Arabic obtained from *Acacia Verek*. Because of its high molecular weight and highly branched structure, MAXIGUM is extremely effective in preventing the precipitation of color substances in wines ready for bottling. It also improves the sensory features of wine by increasing structure and mouthfeel and reducing the astringency. The sulfur dioxide contained in this preparation ensures its microbiological stability, so it can be added following microfiltration.

Application: color stabilization; increase structure and mouthfeel

Dosage: 20-100 mL/hL

Packaging: 10 kg - 20 kg - 200 kg - 1000 kg

TARTRATE STABILIZING AGENTS

AMT PLUS

Pure metatartaric acid produced by Enartis from food grade L-tartaric acid. When added to wine, AMT PLUS Quality prevents the growth of potassium bitartrate and calcium tartrate crystals, making the wine stable against tartrate precipitation. Its high esterification rate (from 38 to 41) allows a long-lasting protecting effect. This means that cold stabilization processes can be reduced when refrigeration capacity is not available or not cost effective.

Application: tartrate stabilization

Dosage: 20-100 mL/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 25 kg

EnartisStab CLK+

EnartisStab CLK+ has a new formulation where mannoproteins' efficiency is reinforced by KPA tartrate stabilization. Therefore, the new EnartisStab CLK+ formula is more effective in preventing potassium bitartrate precipitation in bottle and can be used as an alternative to physical stabilization treatments. At the same time, it maintains the usual effect of improving wine mouthfeel and softness.

Application: tartrate stability; enhance softness and mouthfeel

Dosage: 5-15 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

ZENITH UNO

Solution of A-5D K/SD potassium polyaspartate (KPA) and sulfur dioxide. ZENITH UNO is an effective, rapid and easy-to-use tool for potassium bitartrate stabilization in wine. It is able to assure a long-lasting stability also in wine with a high level of tartaric instability. For this reason, ZENITH UNO can easily replace cold stabilization and other physical treatments. Moreover, it does not impact wine sensory quality and filterability. The liquid form allows for simple and fast use.

Application: tartrate stability

Dosage: 100 mL/hL

Packaging: 5 kg - 20 kg - 1000 kg



We have been using ZENITH COLOR for a year now and have done away with the traditional cold stabilization on the red wines. It is cost and time effective.

Jean du Plessis, Winemaker at Roodezandt Cellar, Robertson, South Africa

ZENITH COLOR

Solution of A-5D K/SD potassium polyaspartate (KPA), Gum Arabic Vereck and sulfur dioxide. ZENITH COLOR is an effective, rapid and easy-to-use tool for potassium bitartrate and color stabilization of red and rosé wines. It assures no changes in quality or characteristics of wine with full color and tartaric stabilization in a single addition. ZENITH COLOR does not significantly modify wine filterability and can be added before microfiltration.

Application: tartrate stability; color stability

Dosage: 200 mL/hL

Packaging: 5 kg - 20 kg - 1000 kg



ZENITH COLOR fits in with our vision of sustainability at Perdeberg. It allows me quick and cost effective stabilization of my red wines without compromising on quality. It also gives us quicker route to market.

Albertus Louw, Cellar Master at Perdeberg Group, South Africa



Traditionally we have matured our red wine in barrel for 18-24 months at a constant temp, of 15°C. This way of maturing our red wines in barrel ensured that the wines were protein and tartrate stable without any further interventions. However, things have changed and Eskom power has become a very expensive luxury. So from end April every year we switch off our Eskom electricity, and this means no more maturation at a constant 15°C. The temperature fluctuates and the wines are no longer tartrate stable after 18 months in barrel. So fortunately there is ZENITH COLOR. I use it on all my red wines and I don't have to worry about unsightly colour-tartrate deposits in my wine".

Andre Van Rensburg, Winemaker at Vergelegen Wine Estate, South Africa

MICROBIAL STABILIZATION

EnartisStab MICRO

Pure activated chitosan, EnartisStab MICRO controls the growth of a large number of unwanted yeast and bacteria that can spoil wine during ageing and/or bottling. EnartisStab MICRO is particularly recommended for removing *Brett* and the off-flavors produced by this microorganism.

Application: reduce *Brett* contamination; reduce unwanted microorganisms

Dosage: 3-20 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

Starting from a no-SO₂ trial, using EnartisStab MICRO M has now become a part of my winemaking protocol on all of my red wines. It not only helps me to control spoilage organisms proactively, but also helps to reduce my SO₂ addition with a better protection than SO₂ on its own.

Matthieu Finot, Winemaker at King Family Vineyards - Virginia, USA

EnartisStab MICRO M

EnartisStab MICRO M is a special preparation of activated chitosan designed for the treatment of turbid wines and juices, where the content of solids can limit the antimicrobial effect of the pure chitosan. EnartisStab MICRO M is effective in reducing a large number of spoilage yeast and bacteria that contaminate must and wine. It can also be used as a non-allergenic alternative to lysozyme for the control of malolactic bacteria.

Application: reduce unwanted microorganisms; must and cloudy wines; non-allergenic; alternative to lysozyme

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 10 kg

MULTI-PURPOSE STABILIZING AGENTS

CITROSTAB rH

Pre-bottling coadjunct with a balanced formulation made of ascorbic acid, citric acid, potassium metabisulfite and tannin. It is recommended to protect bottled wine from undergoing alteration caused by oxidation: pinking, iron haze, premature and atypical ageing. Each component in the blend reacts in synergy with the others in a calibrated way to block any oxidation that could occur due to oxygen absorption during bottling. CITROSTAB rH can be used also during bulk wine storage every time it undergoes an operation that causes oxygen absorption.

Application: bottling; prevent oxidation; prevent pinking; stabilize redox potential; wine shelf life improvement

Dosage: 10-50 g/hL

Packaging: 1 kg

EnartisStab SLI

Special blend of yeast derivative, PVPP and untoasted oak tannin, EnartisStab SLI prevents the degradation and oxidation of wine aromas during storage. It is recommended for the protection of wines that have already been clarified, filtered and eventually stabilized and that by consequence, are very sensitive to oxidation. EnartisStab SLI will protect wine from oxidation by providing solids capable of consuming accumulated oxygen while lowering the redox potential.

Application: antioxidant protection; prevention of pinking; removal of catechins; decrease redox potential

Dosage: 20-40 g/hL

Packaging: 2.5 kg - 10 kg

KNOW MORE ABOUT ZENITH

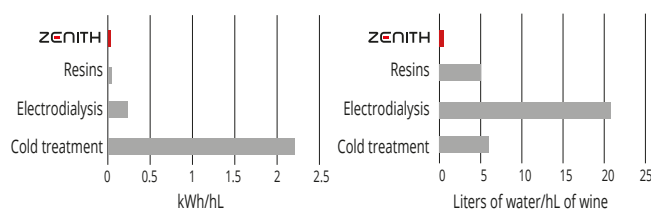
WHAT IS POTASSIUM POLYSPARTATE?

Potassium polyaspartate (KPA) is a polyamino acid produced from L-aspartic acid, an amino acid present in grapes. Enartis has used its expertise in stabilization products to create a revolutionary range of products that harnesses the synergy and power of potassium polyaspartate and colloids for both tartaric and color stabilization.

WHY USE ZENITH?

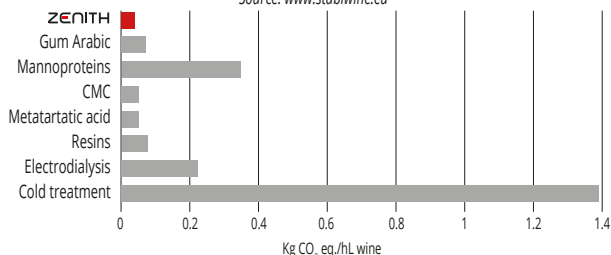
The revolution in colloid stabilization for all wines and all levels of instability! Suitable for all wineries currently using cold stabilization for their wines that want to reduce production costs and increase their sustainability standards, while simultaneously achieving ultimate stability. Enartis, the market leader in stabilization products, provides a cutting-edge, cost-effective and eco-friendly product range allowing you to switch off your cooling system and dramatically reduce production costs and gas emissions, while maintaining the organoleptic aspects of your wine and ensuring the best color and tartaric stabilization over time and under temperature stress.

UP TO 80% SAVINGS IN ENERGY AND WATER CONSUMPTION



90% REDUCTION ON CO₂ EMISSIONS

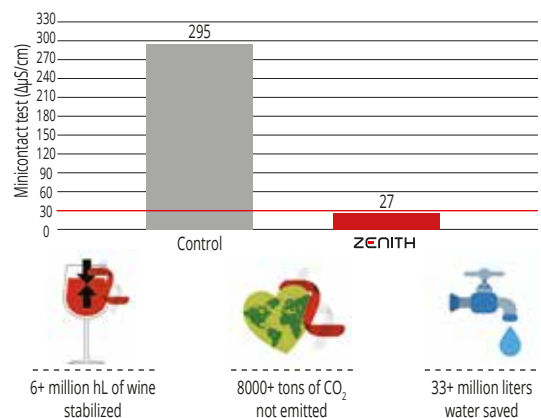
Source: www.stabiwine.eu



ZENITH IS

- **INNOVATION**
An ambitious challenge and six years of passionate research in collaboration with public and private European institutions, universities and major players in the winemaking industry to develop a cutting-edge product.
- **PERFORMANCE**
The most effective tartaric and color stabilizer overtime, under all conditions and temperature stress. Maximum filterability up to 0.45µm.
- **QUALITY**
Respects organoleptic aspects of wine.
- **COST-EFFECTIVENESS**
Easy-to-use, eliminates wine loss during stabilization and dramatically cuts energy and water consumption while reducing labor and ancillary costs. Up to 80% saving in energy and water consumption.
- **SUSTAINABILITY**
An eco-friendly product that guarantees 90% reduction of CO₂ emissions for greater environmental sustainability. Zenith loves the planet!

THE BEST STABILIZATION PERFORMANCE UP TO 300 ΔµS OVER TIME AND UNDER TEMPERATURE STRESS



KNOW MORE ABOUT CHITOSAN

WHAT IS CHITOSAN AND HOW DOES IT WORK?

Chitosan is a fining agent with an antimicrobial effect made by the de-acetylation of chitin, a polysaccharide extracted from *Aspergillus niger*. Chitosan (+ charge) works by the mechanism of attracting wine microbes (- charge). Chitosan then alters the microbe's cell membrane permeability which causes the cell to die and flocculate.

WHY IS ENARTIS CHITOSAN DIFFERENT?

Enartis chitosan is activated with a unique process that allows it to increase its positive charge and to expand its surface. The activation process enhances the efficacy of chitosan by speeding up and enlarging its antimicrobial effect. Enartis chitosan products – EnartisStab Micro (control of spoilage microorganisms during wine maturation) and EnartisStab Micro M (control of spoilage microorganisms from grapes until malolactic fermentation) - have effects against a large number of microbes like *Brettanomyces*, *Acetobacter*, *Pediococcus*, *Lactobacillus* and *Oenococcus*. These products can thus prevent the spoilage of contaminated wines, and have side activities which improve clarity and filterability, and remove some of the unwanted aromas caused by microbial activity.

Contact an Enartis Representative to find out more about EnartisStab Micro and EnartisStab Micro M, and how these products can be applied for your specific needs.

ACTIVATED CHITOSAN HAS A WIDER SURFACE FOR CAPTURING MICROORGANISM



Enartis activated chitosan



Standard chitosan

APPLICATION OF ENARTISSTAB MICRO AND ENARTISSTAB MICRO M

WIDE SPECTRUM ANTIMICROBIAL AT ANY TIME

EnartisStab Micro & EnartisStab Micro M are used:

- To control a wide spectrum of microbes: *Acetobacter*, *Lactobacillus*, *Pediococcus*, *Oenococcus*, *Brettanomyces*, *Zygosaccharomyces* and some other non-*Saccharomyces* yeast (Figure 1)
- As a treatment to remove/reduce high populations of microbes.
Dosage: 10- 20 g/hL followed by racking
- As a preventive measure to eliminate small populations before they become spoilage.
Dosage: 3-4 g/hL
- As an alternative to SO_2 for microbial control

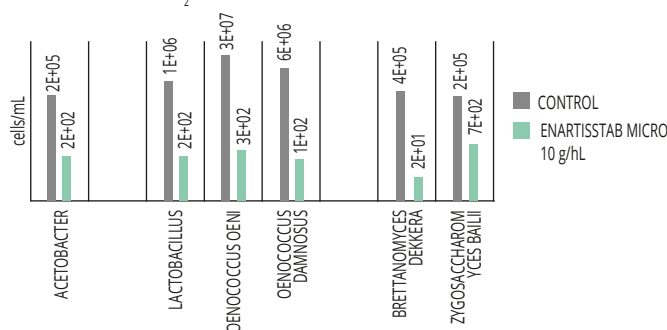


Figure 1: EnartisStab Micro can reduce populations of the main spoilage microorganisms present in wines.

PREVENT VA PRODUCTION DURING COLD SOAK AND GRAPE TRANSPORT

EnartisStab Micro M on grapes, during crushing, in the juice pan, or in must reduces wild non-*Saccharomyces* yeast and bacteria populations, thus limiting VA production during the first stage of the winemaking process (Figure 2). Dosage: 20 g/hL

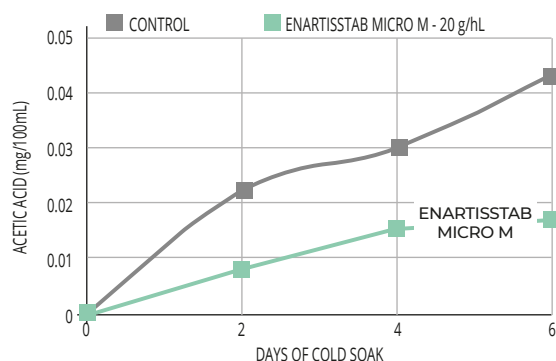


Figure 2: The addition of EnartisStab Micro M on grapes controls VA production during cold soaking.

REDUCE VOLATILE PHENOLS

After fining with EnartisStab Micro, wines appear cleaner, fresher and often fruitier. EnartisStab Micro can reduce volatile phenols (Figure 3), treat "reduction" issues and remove other off-flavors. Dosage: 2-15 g/hL

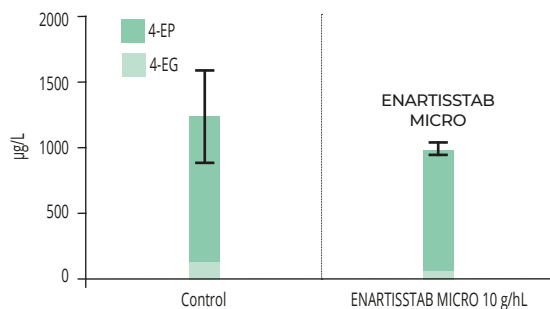


Figure 3: EnartisStab Micro can reduce volatile phenols (4-EP/4-EG) concentration in wine - results from 15 wines.

CONTROL MLF

ALLERGEN-FREE ALTERNATIVE TO LYSOZYME

EnartisStab Micro and EnartisStab Micro M can eliminate *Oenococcus* and prevent, delay or stop MLF (Figure 4). Alternatives to lysozyme, these products have some additional advantages: no impact on protein stability, no interference with colloid stability and no significant impact on color (Figure 5). Dosage: 10 g/hL to prevent MLF; 20 g/hL to stop MLF

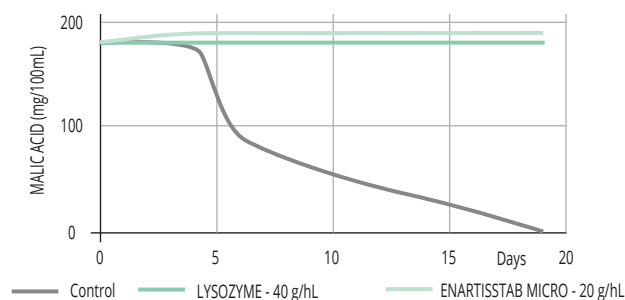


Figure 4: EnartisStab Micro is efficient at controlling malolactic fermentation.

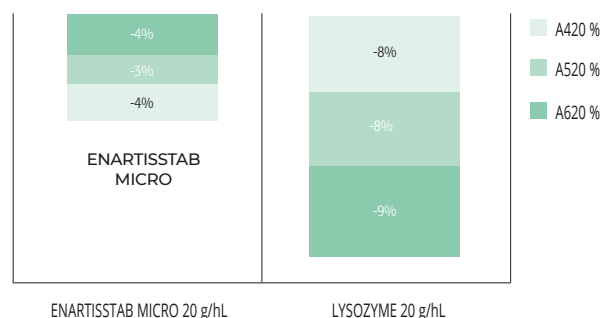


Figure 5: EnartisStab Micro has no significant impact on color.

LIMIT STUCK FERMENTATIONS

PROMOTE CLEAN AND COMPLETE FERMENTATIONS

EnartisStab Micro M:

- Improves fermentation kinetics and ensures completion by removing spoilage microbes that inhibit yeast (Figure 6). Dosage: 10 g/hL
- Improves the start native fermentations by reducing microbial competition. Dosage: 5 g/hL
- Does not impact fermentation kinetics of *Saccharomyces*

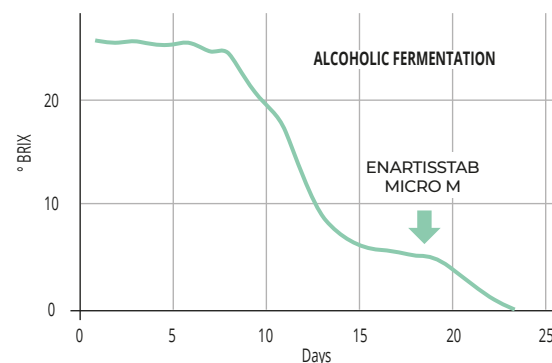


Figure 6: The addition of EnartisStab Micro M to a sluggish fermentation helps complete fermentation.

The logo for enartis, featuring the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red semi-circle is positioned above the letter "a".

enartis

Inspiring innovation.

SULFITING AGENTS

For its antioxidant, antioxidasic and antiseptic effects, sulfur dioxide is considered the wine preservative par excellence. SO_2 comes in various forms: gas, solution, powder, effervescent granules and, depending on the application, one form might be preferred over another. Depending on the annual consumption, the preparation of the cellar staff and the moment of use of the sulfur dioxide, one form may be preferable to the others.



Wonderful product with regards to getting some good protection out in the vineyards, the tractor drivers throw it onto the trailers as soon as the machine offloads. Juice keeps its green colour for very long period due to good protection against oxygen. What I have noticed is how well the ascorbic acid first binds the oxygen then after that the sulphur binds. I gather info from my analyses once the juice arrives in the cellar. I use a drum filter (oxidative) to filter my lees and even then the juice is still green with minimal browning.
Philip Viljoen, Winemaker at Bon Courage Cellar, Robertson, South Africa

AST

Contains potassium metabisulfite, ascorbic acid and hydrolyzable tannin in carefully balanced amounts to maximize antioxidant and antimicrobial action. When used on grapes, AST provides the antibacterial and antioxidizing protection delivered by sulfur dioxide, while limiting macerating action. It is suitable for the treatment of grapes intended for sparkling wine base, white grapes rich in phenolic substances and for grapes that have been machine harvested. When used in the treatment of must derived from grapes rich in aromatic precursors, it assists in the production of wines with intense varietal aromas. AST is very effective in preventing atypical ageing off-flavors.

Application: antioxidant protection of grapes and juices; aromatic grapes; must for base wine for sparkling wines; prevention of atypical ageing

Dosage: 100-200 g/ton of grapes; 15-20 g/hL in juice; 10 g/hL of AST provide approx. 28 ppm SO₂

Packaging: 1 kg

AST MC

Thanks to its excellent antioxidant features and to the perfect synergy between potassium metabisulfite and ascorbic acid, AST MC prevents must oxidation and limits laccase activity, preserving grape aromatic potential.

Application: antioxidant protection of grapes and juices; aromatic grapes; must for base wine for sparkling wines; prevention of atypical ageing

Dosage: 100-200 g/ton of grapes; 15-20 g/hL in juice; 10 g/hL of AST provide approx. 39 ppm SO₂

EFFERGRAN/EFFERGRAN DOSE 5/ EFFERBARRIQUE

Effervescent, granulated potassium metabisulfite designed to be added directly to wine and grapes. When added to wine, it rapidly dissolves on the surface of the liquid, ensuring that its antioxidant effect is maintained where it is needed. Subsequently, it ensures homogenous and rapid distribution of the released SO₂ without requiring pump-overs in tank volumes of up to 50,000 liters. When added to the bottom of picking bins, it ensures a rapid release of SO₂, minimizing oxidation during transport from vineyard to winery.

Application: sulfiting wines, grapes and juices; homogeneous release of SO₂

Dosage: 125 g packet of EFFERGRAN (50 g of SO₂) for gondolas; of 4-5 tons or 25 hL of wine; 250 g packet of EFFERGRAN (100 g of SO₂) for gondolas; of 8-10 tons or 50 hL of wine; each bag of EFFERGRAN DOSE 5 releases 5 grams of SO₂; each bag of EFFERBARRIQUE releases 2 grams of SO₂

Packaging: EFFERGRAN: 125 g - 250 g - 1 kg; EFFERGRAN DOSE 5: box of 25 packets; EFFERBARRIQUE: box of 40 packets

WINY

The highest quality potassium metabisulfite in the market. Thanks to Enartis' production expertise, WINY is virtually odorless, does not form rocks and has a concentration of metabisulfite superior to 99%.

Application: sulfiting grapes, juices and wines

Dosage: 1 g of WINY develops approx. 0.56 g of SO₂

Packaging: 250 g - 1 kg - 25 kg

ZOLFO DISCHI

Sulfur disks for wooden cask and barrel disinfection. ZOLFO DISCHI is produced from pure sulfur using a special procedure that results in an even and regular combustion of sulfur, while avoiding dripping and hydrogen sulfide formation.

Application: wooden cask and barrel disinfection

Dosage: each disc provides approx. 12 g of SO₂

Packaging: 1 kg

The Enartis logo is centered within a white semi-circular shape. It features the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red semi-circle is positioned above the letter "a".

enartis

Inspiring innovation.

SPARKLING WINES

The production of sparkling wines requires the use of specific tools that can add value to the winemaker's expertise and to the quality of the wines produced. Enartis offers a range of products that were developed to help the winemaker direct and achieve a desired style; from the production of base wine to the second fermentation and up to the disgorging process.

BASE WINE TREATMENT

ENOBLOCK PERLAGE

Compact pellet form decolorizing carbon, ENOBLOCK PERLAGE is for must and base wine discoloration. The pellet form makes it easy to use and to rehydrate without dust.

Application: *discoloration of juices and wines; cure of oxidation*

Dosage: 5-100 g/hL

Packaging: 15 kg

YEAST

EnartisFerm PERLAGE

EnartisFerm PERLAGE can withstand extreme conditions during the second fermentation such as low pH, low temperatures and pressure. It respects varietal characteristics and *terroir*. During the fermentation it gives wines a great finesse. It adapts perfectly to sparkling wine production for both traditional and Charmat methods.

Application: *base wine; second fermentation in pressure tank; classic method; long ageing potential*

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

EnartisFerm PERLAGE FRUITY

EnartisFerm PERLAGE FRUITY is a very aromatic strain recommended for the production of attractive, fresh, fruity wines both with Charmat and traditional methods. During the autolysis, it releases a good quantity of mannoproteins that help to improve the sensory, the perlage and the color stability of red and rosé sparkling wines.

Application: *base wine; second fermentation in pressure tank; classic method; fruity aroma*

Dosage: 10-40 g/hL

Packaging: 0.5 kg

YEAST NUTRITION

NUTRIFERM GRADUAL RELEASE

This blend of DAP and tannin is contained in a special bag that, when introduced into a pressure tank, gradually releases its content during alcoholic fermentation. NUTRIFERM GRADUAL RELEASE avoids the need for addition of nutrient after the closure of the pressure tank, guarantees a correct yeast nutrition and aromatic cleanliness.

Application: *yeast nutrition during the second fermentation in pressure tank; prevent reductive notes*

Dosage: 1 kg bag for 50-100 g/hL; 5 kg bag for 250-500 hL

Packaging: 1 kg - 5 kg

The logo for enartis, featuring the word "enartis" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small red semi-circle is positioned above the letter "a".

enartis

Inspiring innovation.

GREAT LITTLE
HELPERS

ANTIFLOR

Product containing allyl isothiocyanate (mustard essence), supported by food-grade paraffin. It prevents the growth of “film” forming yeast on the surface of not fully topped tanks and barrels.

Application: prevent surface “film” yeast spoilage

Packaging: available in three sizes: Antiflor Damigiane for containers from 20 to 200 liters; Antiflor Fusti for containers from 200 to 5000 liters; Antiflor Vasche for large tanks.

ENOPLASTICO SPECIAL

ENOPLASTICO SPECIAL (bung-putty) is a stiff paste, odorless and impermeable, containing ultrapure oily substances and adhesive powders. The product's pasty texture makes it particularly suited to sealing vat doors, ensuring a perfect seal.

Packaging: 0.5 kg

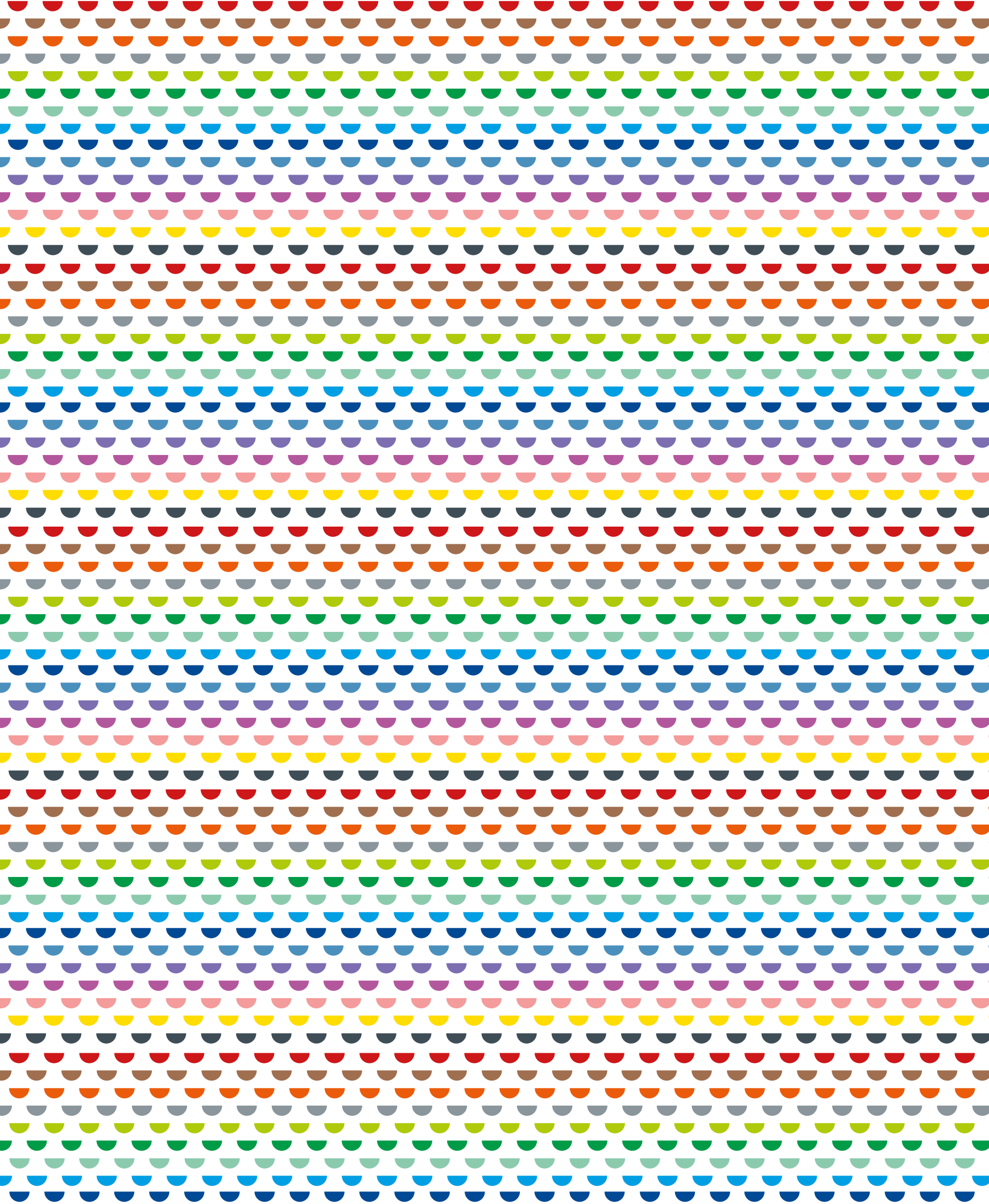
ZOLFO DISCHI

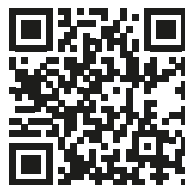
Sulfur disks for wooden cask and barrel sanitisation. ZOLFO DISCHI is produced from pure sulfur using a special procedure that results in an even and regular combustion of sulfur, while avoiding dripping and hydrogen sulfide formation.

Application: wooden cask and barrel disinfection

Dosage: each disc provides approx. 12 g of SO₂

Packaging: 1 kg





ESSECO SRL | Divisione Enartis | Via San Cassiano, 99 28069 San Martino, Trecate NO, Italia
Tel. +39-0321.790.300 | Fax +39-0321.790.347 | vino@enartis.it
Eleonora Kostova | Sales Area Manager | Tel. 359 889310709 | eleonora.kostova@enartis.com



www.enartis.com